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No. 25,679 HONG KONG, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1927.

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OPEN ENMITY.

Wu-Han and Nanking Nationalists May Clash.

HOSTILITIES IMMINENT.

How This Development Will Affect Canton.

POLITICAL ASPECT OF SITUATION.

Is it the beginning of the end?

To all intents and purposes, the two major factions of the Chinese Nationalists are now openly at variance. Hostilities have broken out between Wu-Han and Nanking, and Wu-Han is well on the way towards severing political relations, an action that may have considerable bearing on Canton's attitude. There are several indications to-day that the Nationalist Government at Nanking is in process of disintegration, what with war breaking out again on the Yangtze.

FOES ON BOTH SIDES.

Hostilities are reported to have broken out on the Yangtze River, above and below Nanking, involving three rival cliques in the Nationalist Party.

The Wu-Han armies which came down to Wuhu are moving forward again, ostensibly with Nanking as their objective. Below Nanking (i.e., at Chinkiang), adherents of Chiang Kai-shek are taking up positions in readiness to keep out armies supporting the "Nanking coalition," tension having been caused by movements at Wuhu.

General Liu Hsing (36th Army) of Wu-Han is leading the advance down river and his men are reported to have clashed with and repulsed the outposts of the 7th Army (General Li Tsung-jen) of the Nanking side. The "action" was fought 4½ miles south-east of Wuhu, whence the 7th Army retreated down-river towards Nanking.

Japanese to Leave?

According to Japanese advice from Wuhu (quoted by the "Kung Sheung Yat Po"), the Wu-Han forces surrounded detachments belonging to General Li Tsung-jen and also to General Ho Ying-ching (Chiang Kai-shek's right hand man) and to General Chiang Chien (6th Army), who came down from Wu-Han but is supposed to be in favour of the Nanking coalition government. Some of the Nanking troops extricated themselves, continues the report, and retired on Nanking.

Japanese nationals are ready to leave Chinkiang. Here the trouble is said to be caused by General Ho Ying-ching's army exercising precautions to prevent the approach of troops under General Li Tsung-jen of Nanking and of General Chiang Chien (formerly of Wu-Han but now supporting Nanking).

IN THE WAR ZONE.

Wuhu Position: Nanking Troops Get Pay.

Wuhu, Yesterday.

A mild form of martial law has been enforced by the military in charge here.

The troops have shut down the local labour unions.

From Anking (up-river), the Commissioner for Foreign Affairs has now returned to Wuhu.—British Naval Wireless.

Northerners Come Down.

Nanking, Yesterday.

Some of the Northern army (under Marshal Sun Chuan-fang) is reported to have come down the Tientsin-Pukow Railway to Chuchow, which is only about 30 miles away from the north bank of the Yangtze River.

A number of the troops who have been dissatisfied have now received payment.

Measles is now prevalent in Nanking but cholera has almost subsided.—British Naval Wireless.

3,000 DISARMED.

Chiang's Adherents Extending Power.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

General Chow Feng-chi has resigned the chairmanship of the provincial and military committees of the Revolutionary in Chinkiang province.

chow have been disarmed.—Reuter.

[Note: Chow Feng-chi is a Nationalist general of the Nanking faction, who deserted the Northerners last winter to join the winning side. Hangchow is the capital of Chekiang. Although Reuter does not say so, it is presumed that the disarming was carried out by General Ho Ying-ching (an adherent of Chiang Kai-shek) who is tightening his grip on Shanghai and Chekiang province.]

The "Hong Kong Evening Post" suggests that Chow Feng-chi resigned because he will not co-operate with the "Chiang Kai-shek diarchy" and says that General Ho Ying-ching succeeds him as chief of the Chekiang provincial administration.

POLITICAL "ROW."

Wu-Han In Opposition to Nanking.

While Nanking is still appointing governing committees with nominal power over the whole of Nationalist China, Wu-Han is now forming its own government and has almost completely broken away.

The "Hong Kong Evening Post" says that all departments of the Wu-Han governments are functioning and that the removal to Nanking has been definitely suspended. All bodies of the Kuomintang, from the "national" down to the "smallest," are joining in a circular telegram denouncing the special conference of delegates at Nanking. It is recommended that all provinces shall ignore orders from Nanking.

Familiar Names.

Several familiar names appear in the Wu-Han branch of the new Political Council in opposition to Nanking. General Tang Seng-chi, commander-in-chief, is, of course, the chairman. Others are Mr. Chen Kung-po and Mr. Koo Meng-yu (who were well-known in Canton in 1925), alleged by Nanking to be Communists. Another is General Ho Chien who is marching down the Yangtze on Nanking and then there is General Fan Chung-hsiao, leader of the "White Wolf Cubs," the semi-bandits in Honan.

The branch Political Council claims its authority from the Central Political Council of the Kuomintang.

ORDERS TO CANTON.

Also to Break Away From Nanking?

Nanking has ordered Canton to close down the branch of the Political Council as from tomorrow, October 1. Similar orders have been given to Kuomintang branches in other parts of China.

It remains to be seen whether Canton will comply. Wu-Han has flouted Nanking. If Canton follows suit, the presumption is that Canton is also breaking away from the Nationalist Government at Nanking, which is in course of disintegration.

In Line With Peking.

On the other hand, it is announced that the political department of the Canton Police administration is to cease work.

TO BE PAID OFF.

Canton and the Pseudo Strikers.

\$3,600,000 REQUIRED.

Treasury Bonds To Be Issued By Authorities.

"Rather than fill up their stomachs and see them idle," the Canton authorities prefer to wind up the anti-Hong Kong strike movement, says a Chinese report to hand.

Hitherto members of the strike movement who have been unable or who have not chosen to obtain employment ever since the official ending of the affair on October 10, 1926, have been provided with free accommodation and meals by the Canton Government.

A demobilisation bonus of \$100 per man was promised of which \$10 has been paid.

To wind up the Strikers' Association, continues the report, the Canton Government has been borrowing from the merchants of "towns and cities" in Kwangtung province. Some of the merchants have paid up. The district administrations have been instructed to hasten up collection so that final payment of the gratuity can be made.

HIGH FINANCE.

Treasury Scheme to Raise the Wind.

Another report on the subject makes interesting reading. Canton's provincial treasurer estimates that \$3,600,000 will be required to pay the strikers off. At \$90 per head, the number of strikers remaining in Canton is therefore 40,000.

The branch of the Kuomintang Political Council has decided that payment will begin on October 10 (the anniversary of the Chinese Republic), exactly a year after Mr. Eugene Chen announced the end of the strike.

Half of the sum required (i.e., \$1,800,000) will be raised by issuing treasury bonds, maturing in six months. The proceeds will be used to pay the bonus and the Government will then be able to save \$300,000 a month, which now goes to feed the men. The total of the savings in six months will then offset the bond issue.

representative to attend the autumn military manoeuvres in Japan. Marshal Chang Tso-lin had either General Yang Yu-ting (his chief of staff) or General Chang Tsung-chang (the Shantung warlord) in mind, states the report. General Li Chai-sun of Canton proposes sending his right hand man, General Chui King-tong (who is head of the provincial military department).

"ONLY SMILED."

Chiang Kai-shek's Impending Marriage.

Osaka, Yesterday.

General Chiang Kai-shek has arrived at Nagasaki and is going on to Uzen.

He told reporters he was visiting Japan to observe her progress during the past ten years.

He was undecided whether he will go on to America and only smiled when asked about his proposed marriage with Miss Soong Mei-ling.—Reuter.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

General Chiang Kai-shek has sailed for Japan.—British Naval Wireless.

NOT PAID.

Interest on Anglo-French Loan.

Peking, Yesterday.

It is feared that the Chinese Government will default in the Anglo-French loan. Interest due to bondholders on October 5 has not yet been paid in to the banks as should have been paid.—Reuter.

UP THE YANGTZE.

Foreign Residence Occupied by Chinese.

Ichang, Yesterday.

Chinese troops occupied Mackenzie and Co.'s residence on Tuesday, and left after a brief stay.—British Naval Wireless.

SWATOW STILL "RED."

Canton Warships Leave Harbour.

RELIEF EXPEDITION WAITING.

Ex-Hong Kong Strikers Join In Campaign.

Latest news from Swatow is that the Communist invaders are still in possession.

No further attempt has been made by the Canton naval arm to recapture Swatow by a landing force.

Situation Obscure.

Swatow, Yesterday. The Communist Army still holds the port of Swatow but the situation is not clear as to when the Cantonese hope to regain possession.

The pro-Canton Government warships which attempted to send landing parties ashore yesterday have again left the harbour.—British Naval Wireless.

Chinese Reports.

Shanghai, Yesterday. Nanking has given orders for the arrest of an official who is alleged to have handed over

A HONG KONG DIARY.

—Illustrated.

"A Hong Kong Diary, illustrated in black and white, will appear in all issues of the 'China Mail' to-morrow.

\$400,000 belonging to the Central Bank's branch in Kiangsi to the Communist Army now occupying Swatow.—"Kung Sheung Yat Po."

Tientsin, Yesterday.

Diplomatic representatives of all the foreign Powers met in Peking yesterday to discuss the Swatow situation and possible steps to protect their respective nationals now that the port is in the hands of Communists.—"Kung Sheung Yat Po."

BIG FIGHT SOON.

Communists Out of Immediate Danger.

From a reliable source, the "China Mail" understands that the Communists still hold Chaochow, their strength there having been reinforced by over 1,000 men from Swatow and along the railway.

The Communists' plan is now to give battle to the left wing of the pro-Canton army before the centre column comes up into line, the latter being delayed over difficult country. The Canton right wing, in the vicinity of Kityang (the closest to Swatow), is the weakest and is not advancing.

Advice by mail from Swatow is that the banks, Chinese honges and the bigger shops are still closed for fear of further trouble.

Detachments of the Communist army have been identified as former anti-Hong Kong strikers who have joined in with the invaders and have been provided with uniforms.

Observers are now of the opinion that the "Reds" have extricated themselves from the danger of being surrounded. In a day or two, they will be face to face with the right wing of the relief expedition which is slowly moving down the Han River. From Muiyuen, and a decisive action is expected. Should the Communists win, they may go westwards to the East River where they may meet sterner opposition or make a bid for Canton.

FAIR WEATHER.

S.E. winds, moderate, fair, is the official weather forecast until noon to-morrow.

The typhoon, which does not appear to be violent, is near Tokyo moving NE. A depression has formed over Tongking. A belt of relatively high pressure stretches from Korea to Formosa.

TO-DAY'S DOLLAR.

The closing rate of the dollar on demand to-day was 1/11 11/16

DEATH SENTENCE.

Chai Wan Murder Trial Concludes.

BOTH PRISONERS GUILTY.

Jury Unanimous After Long Retirement.

The concluding stages in the Chai Wan murder trial drama were reached at the Criminal Sessions this morning in the presence of many interested spectators.

His Lordship (Mr. Justice J. R. Wood) summed up for a full hour when the case re-opened this morning and the jury retired for thirty-five minutes, finally returning a verdict of Guilty against the two prisoners, who were then sentenced to death.

His Lordship, addressing the prisoners, said: You have had a fair trial. The evidence on this indictment has been carefully considered by the jury and they have recorded a unanimous verdict that you are both guilty. Therefore my duty is to pass sentence of death upon you.

His Lordship then donned the significant black cap.

Prisoners received their sentences with composure.

The Summing Up. In the course of summing up, earlier in the morning's proceedings, His Lordship emphasised that the Crown had to prove the prisoners' guilt beyond all reasonable doubt for a verdict of Guilty to be returned. The onus was on the Crown to prove its case and a Not Guilty verdict did not necessarily mean that the jury was satisfied of the innocence of the prisoner or prisoners, but merely that they were not satisfied that the case had been positively proved.

Referring to the case against the men as being based entirely on circumstantial evidence, His Lordship said that there were a number of circumstances involving prisoners, any one of which might not involve them very much by itself. It was for the jury to sift them out and arrange them with a view of fitting them together to see if collectively they produced that feeling of certainty which was equivalent to the positive proof of eyewitnesses.

Looking For Loopholes.

His Lordship emphasised that no greater degree of certainty was required in a capital charge than was required in any other case in which the services of a jury might be required and commented that one could not prove things with absolute certainty. The only thing one could do was to see that there was no obvious loophole.

His Lordship suggested that the key factor in the whole evidence and the one which should be considered first was whether the note, part of which was found on the path and part on the first prisoner, was or was not on that evening in the hand-bag of Mrs. Mackay. It was necessary for the jury to separate that fact out and consider the evidence for and against that proposition.

There was no definite evidence, said His Lordship, that this note was in Mrs. Mackay's possession. It was not, for instance, identified by its number. It would, again, be proof if, for instance, one half had been found on the prisoner and the other in Mrs. Mackay's hand-bag. The fact remained that if it came to the conclusion that the note was the same as that found they would have come to it without definite evidence. The evidence on which the Crown invited the jury to find that the note was one previously in the possession of Mrs. Mackay was as follows:

Blood on Note.

Half of the note was found on a path which was on the direct route from the scene of the crime to the direction of Shaukiwan. It was found at 2 a.m. on the day following the attack and as it had not been picked up before, it was fair to say that it had been dropped where it was found sometime after dusk—and the murder had taken place just before dark. Blood was on the half note found in the prisoner's pocket and blood was also in the hand-bag. Further evidence in support of the contention that the note was Mrs. Mackay's lay in the fact that it was a forged note and that Mrs. Mackay was known to have retained in her possession two such forged notes, one of which was actually left in the hand-bag. It was also in evidence that Mrs. Mackay had all one of these notes with a pair of scissors and that the two parts of the note found on the path and in the possession of the first prisoner, had also apparently been cut with scissors.

Shown Book.

Tsuni Fujikawa, an inmate of the house, then testified to the accused's visit at 2 a.m. on August 23. He knocked rather loudly on the door. The witness said that the accused was very drunk and at first hesitated to admit him. Eventually he let him in, so as not to disturb the other people who were asleep. The accused was wearing a

NEW LORD MAYOR.

Sir Charles Batho Chosen.

UNUSUAL CIRCUMSTANCE.

Alderman With Prior Claim Stands Down.

London, Yesterday. Sir Charles Batho was chosen to-day as Lord Mayor of London for the coming year.

Unusual circumstance marked the proceedings.

Sir Harold Moore had a prior claim to the Lord Mayoralty, since he was the senior alderman, but Sir C. Batho was only one day behind him in seniority.

Prior to the election taking place, Sir H. Moore withdrew his candidature. Stating his reasons, Sir Harold said he had withdrawn so as to avoid competition and principally because he was the youngest qualified candidate. He is fifty years of age.

Sir H. Moore added: "In my view it is eminently desirable that an older qualified candidate should have an opportunity of enjoying the high distinction and therefore I am willing to stand down temporarily."—British Wireless Service.

SERGT. CHARGED.

IMPERSONATION OF POLICE ALLEGED.

PLEADS NOT GUILTY.

Sergeant Leonard Lowes of the Queens' Regiment was this morning charged before Mr. R. E. Lindsell at the Central Magistrate on two charges of impersonating a police officer at No. 9 Sampan Street and No. 9 Spring Garden Land, respectively, and obtaining \$5 by a trick at No. 9 Sampan Street.

The accused pleaded "not guilty" to all the offences, which were alleged to have been committed on August 23 last.

A Captain of the Queen's Regiment occupied a seat on the bench with the Magistrate during the hearing of the case.

Very Angry.

Myo Yamashita, the mistress of No. 9, Sampan Street, said she first saw the accused one night towards the end of last month. The whole house was asleep at 2 a.m., when there came a loud knock on the door. One of the girls opened the door and the accused came in. He was not in uniform, but was wearing a white suit. The accused appeared to be very angry and the witness heard him say the word "Police-man."

Witness then became very scared and nervous that the police should raid her house, and did not hear any more that was said. Afterwards the accused asked for the loan of \$10, but the witness gave him five \$1 notes. The witness did this to keep the accused quiet. Accused stayed two hours in the house and then departed.

By the Magistrate: Since that night the witness had not seen the accused again until that morning in Court. She was not present at the identification parade when the accused was picked out.

Unable to Identify.

Sub-Inspector Stimson of the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs, to whom a report of the affair was made later that same morning, told the Magistrate that the witness did not attend the identification parade because she had stated that she was unable to identify the accused.

Mr. Lindsell asked the witness if in view of what she had told the police, she dared to swear that she was able to identify the accused in Court as the man who visited her house.

The witness said that she could. She explained that she was very nervous at the time she interviewed Inspector Stimson, and did not know what she was saying.

Answering another question, the witness said that when the accused told her that he was a policeman, she believed him.

Tsuni Fujikawa, an inmate of the house, then testified to the accused's visit at 2 a.m. on August 23. He knocked rather loudly on the door. The witness said that the accused was very drunk and at first hesitated to admit him. Eventually he let him in, so as not to disturb the other people who were asleep. The accused was wearing a

HOME SPINNERS.

Agreement Reached At Manchester.

AMERICAN SECTION.

System Of Curtailment Of Production Approved.

London, Yesterday. An agreement reached at the cotton conference at Manchester provides that curtailment of production throughout the American section be dealt with sectionally and not by the method of treating all alike regardless of the amount of work they have in hand and to state their stocks on a system of basic prices to be adopted by which prices will be fixed according to the price current of the month, futures plus nine points and something for costs.

While all branches of the cotton trade express satisfaction at the agreement, Sir Edwin Stockton doubts whether the agreement will result in anything more than a temporary alleviation of the position. He re-emphasised the necessity of putting production on an economic basis in order to meet competition satisfactorily.

Sir Charles Macara declared: "Two bodies with no compulsory powers and without the co-operation of the operatives can hardly expect to succeed."—Reuter.

EUROPEAN INJURED.

NASTY MOTOR ACCIDENT FOLLOWS SKID.

DRIVER IN HOSPITAL.

Mr. D. H. Perry, employed at the A.P.C. installation at North Point is now in the Government Civil Hospital as the result of a nasty motor car accident in Morrison Hill Road, near the Civil Service Cricket Club at 2 o'clock this morning.

It was raining at the time, and the road was wet and very slippery. Mr. Perry drove motor car No. 1,886 down Morrison Gap Road into Morrison Hill Road. In making the bend, Mr. Perry took too sharp a turn and the car skidded across the road. It collided with the tram standard outside the C.S.C.C. with great force.

The front part of the car was knocked upwards, and the axle was so badly bent that the two front wheels almost met around the standard. Mr. Perry was struck on the jaw with great force by the steering wheel and rendered unconscious.

Soon afterwards another car appeared, the occupants of which took Mr. Perry on board and removed him first to his house in North Point, and later to the Government Civil Hospital.

It is understood that Mr. Perry's jaw was broken and his tongue badly injured. He is progressing as well as can be expected.

white civilian suit. Accused was very angry when he came in and said to the witness: "I am the No. 1 Police Inspector and I want to see your book." The witness showed accused the book, and he signed it.

Inspector Stimson explained that what the witness referred to was the house register.

Proceeding, the witness said that the accused also said to her: "Tomorrow you will go to the police station, and you will lose \$200 for not opening the door to the No. 1 Inspector." The witness apologised and said that she did not know his identity. Accused then said: "Next time you don't open quick. I will take your licence and close No. 9. This time I will fix it up so that you will have to pay only \$50."

Handed Him \$5. The accused stayed two hours in the house, and just before going asked the witness to change \$10 for him. The witness said that she had only five \$1 bills, and handed these over to him. Accused pocketed the notes and walked out. He did not give the witness a \$5 note in exchange for the money he received from her.

About two or three weeks after the affair, the witness went to the Military Hospital and there picked the accused out of eight or nine soldiers standing in a row. She picked him out as the man who had done the thing. At the time, the witness was wearing a morning dress.

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E. MORE, Manager.

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Branches and Sub-branches all over China and Correspondents in Europe, America, and other parts of the world.

London Bankers:—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

The Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

New York Bankers:—The Irving National Bank.

The Equitable Trust Company of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits. Terms on application.

Every description of Banking Business transacted.

Loans granted on approved securities.

Special facilities for Home Exchange.

SHOU J. CHEN, Manager.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LTD.

Established 1912.

Head Office:—Hong Kong.

Authorized Capital (U.K. Currency) .. 11,000,000
 Paid-up Capital \$2,500,000
 Reserve Fund \$2,500,000

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—
 BATAVIA, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, CANTON, CHEFOO, COLON, HANKOW, HONGKONG, KAOHSIANG, KOBAY, KUNMING, MANILA, Peking, SHANGHAI, SINGAPORE, SOERABAYA, SUEZ, TIENTSIN, YOKOHAMA.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits at rates which will be noted on application. Deposits in Yen can be accepted.

O. STRENGTH, Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1860.

Capital (fully paid-up) Yen 100,000,000
 Reserve fund Yen 50,000,000

Head Office: YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at:—
 Alexandria, Newchwang, Batavia, New York, Bombay, Osaka, Buenos Ayres, Peking, Calcutta, Langsoo, Canton, Rio de Janeiro, Changchun, Dairen (Dairen), Fongtien (Mukden), Hamburg, Shanghai, Harbin, Shimonoseki, Kobe, Singapore, Soerabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Yokohama, London, Los Angeles, Yokohama, Nagasaki, Nagoya.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits at rates which will be noted on application. Deposits in Yen can be accepted.

E. MORE, Manager.

Hong Kong, 15th September, 1927.

COMMERCE
AND
FINANCE.

TRADE INQUIRIES.

LATEST LIST FROM UNITED STATES.

The following is a list of American firms or individuals who desire to establish connections with merchants in Hong Kong and who invite correspondence. No responsibility is assumed as to the standing of the persons or firms named. (Further information may be obtained at the Consulate-General.)

Import Inquiries.

Road Machinery. Insecticide Duster for Agricultural Crops. The Shunk Manufacturing Co., Bucyrus, Ohio, desire correspondence with persons interested in above.

Radio Supplies.—The Pilot Electric Manufacturing Co., 323 Berry Street, Brooklyn, New York, desire representation.

Radio Supplies and Washing Machines.—The D. & V. Sales Co., 193 Broadway, New York, is interested in exporting the above.

Adding Machines and Portable Typewriters.—The Victor Machine Company, 3900 North Rockwell St., Chicago, Illinois, wishes to secure distributors.

Diesel Oil Engines.—The St. Marys Oil Engine Co., 32 Broadway, New York, desire to obtain agents.

Prepared Ice Cream Mixture.—The Angeles Mix Company, 34 West Tenth Street, Los Angeles, California, desires to export to ice cream makers.

Motor Car and Truck Springs.—The St. Louis Spring Co., 3185 Washington Blvd., St. Louis, Mo., desires local representative.

Used Automobiles.—The American Used-Car Export Co., 216 Fine St., San Francisco, Calif., desires to correspond with importers.

Motor Trucks.—The Diamond T. Motor Car Co., 7 Water St., New York, desires a local distributor.

Rubber Goods.—The I. B. Kleinert Rubber Co., 485 Fifth Ave., New York, desires to correspond with department stores.

Ladies' Hosiery.—The Burton Knitting Co., Rockford, Illinois, would like to correspond with importers.

Export Inquiries.

Ginger and Cassia.—The Southern California Supply Co., 612 East Third St., Los Angeles, Calif., desires to correspond with exporters.

Bristles and Horse Hair.—The Harry Schneider Co., 1225 Broadway, New York, desires connections with suppliers.

China Wood Oil.—Messrs. Steinhart and Nordlinger, 105 Hudson St., New York City, desire to communicate with exporters not already represented in New York.

CONFEDERATE MONEY.

Pairs of Confederate money still passes at par in many towns of France.

Those who have made a living by circulating the obsolete banknotes seldom bother Paris merchants, but now and then comes a report of a flood of \$50 and \$100 bills. In Versailles recently a woman had a number of the almost worthless bills exchanged for good French money.

Americans frequently offer their own money in payment at hotels and large stores, and French merchants see nothing unusual in the offer of such currency. Gradually, however, they are coming to know regular United States money through seeing it in the windows of Foreign Exchange banks.

PRICE OF COAL.

French coal consumers are protesting against the high price of coal and what they call the government's protection of the coal industry's "excessive profits."

On a gold basis, say the objectors, coal should be five times pre-war prices, since this represents the depreciation of the franc. Coal, however, costs more than seven times the cost in 1918.

Recent decrees barred the importation of foreign coals. Trade journals say this protection is not justified and that prices are almost fifty per cent too high. They demand the admission of foreign coal to put prices on a world basis.

THE BANK OF EAST ASIA, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

Authorized Capital \$10,000,000
 Paid-up Capital \$5,000,000
 Reserve Fund \$5,000,000

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—
 BATAVIA, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, CANTON, CHEFOO, COLON, HANKOW, HONGKONG, KAOHSIANG, KOBAY, KUNMING, MANILA, Peking, SHANGHAI, SINGAPORE, SOERABAYA, SUEZ, TIENTSIN, YOKOHAMA.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits at rates which will be noted on application. Deposits in Yen can be accepted.

SHOU J. CHEN, Manager.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LTD.

Established 1912.

Head Office:—Hong Kong.

Authorized Capital (U.K. Currency) .. 11,000,000
 Paid-up Capital \$2,500,000
 Reserve Fund \$2,500,000

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—
 BATAVIA, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, CANTON, CHEFOO, COLON, HANKOW, HONGKONG, KAOHSIANG, KOBAY, KUNMING, MANILA, Peking, SHANGHAI, SINGAPORE, SOERABAYA, SUEZ, TIENTSIN, YOKOHAMA.

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O. STRENGTH, Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1860.

Capital (fully paid-up) Yen 100,000,000
 Reserve fund Yen 50,000,000

Head Office: YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at:—
 Alexandria, Newchwang, Batavia, New York, Bombay, Osaka, Buenos Ayres, Peking, Calcutta, Langsoo, Canton, Rio de Janeiro, Changchun, Dairen (Dairen), Fongtien (Mukden), Hamburg, Shanghai, Harbin, Shimonoseki, Kobe, Singapore, Soerabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Yokohama, London, Los Angeles, Yokohama, Nagasaki, Nagoya.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits at rates which will be noted on application. Deposits in Yen can be accepted.

E. MORE, Manager.

Hong Kong, 15th September, 1927.

N. Y. BANK MERGER.

New York, Yesterday.

The Chase National Bank has absorbed the Mutual National Bank.

The merger involves a total capital of \$134,000,000.—Reuter.

LATE QUOTATIONS.

Messrs. Carroll Bros. have been advised of the following dividends and quotations on rubber and mining shares:—

Dividends.

Kundong Rubber, 10% Interim. Tambalaks, 7 1/2% Final.

Tanahs, 7 1/2% Interim.

Tanahs Mines, 5%.

Telok Kruin Tin, 10% Interim.

Indris Hydraulic Tin, 10%.

Larut Tin Fields, 6 pence.

Quotations.

Ayer Panas \$10.40

Changkat 7.80

Glenalees 2.80

Jerams 1.60

Jinahs 2.80

Kedahs 4.10

Lunas 3.10

Malaka Pindas 2.00

New Serendangs 4.25

Pajams 2.35

Sandycrofts 2.40

PIECE GOODS SLUMP.

In a summary of particular trades, the report states that the year's trade in piece goods proved a disappointment to all those concerned in it, the more so as the opening months had almost encouraged optimism. Little sign of improvement was to be seen before the close of 1925. Continued fighting in the North had put an end to trade in that quarter, and there was no life in the Yangtze and Szechuan markets. With the beginning of the new year there appeared a change for the better, but, unfortunately, the promise was only partially fulfilled.

The Customs statistics for the total importations of cotton piece goods show an increase of 13 1/2 million Haikwan taels over 1925, but a decrease of Hk. Tls. 1,800,000 when compared with the figures for 1924. Most classes of piece goods made good the heavy loss they sustained in 1925. English white shirtings, however, still have a great deal of ground to recover, in spite of an advance of Hk. Tls. 657,000 during the year under review, the total value of importations amounting only to Hk. Tls. 13,115,000, as against Hk. Tls. 19,059,000 two years before. The heaviest increases are to be seen under white, dyed and printed sixteen drills, which together total more than 3 1/2 million taels. Venetians, cambrics, warp-faced satteens, and sundry piece goods not recorded under any special heading all have considerable rises to record.

Most people are well aware of the steady growth of Japanese trade, but it may not be so generally known how rapid this advance has been. The special advantages which Japanese manufacturers and merchants enjoy are obvious. Cheapness of labour, proximity to China, and greater intimacy with the customs of the people with whom they deal are all factors which enable them to offer very formidable competition. To these natural advantages must be added comparative freedom from the grave industrial unrest which hampered their main rival during the year under review. Japan was thus able to benefit to the full from the low cost of raw cotton. But there are other reasons as well to account for their success. Not least of these is the painstaking energy shown by Japanese manufacturers in adopting their products to the needs of the consumers. While they continue to improve the quality of their goods, fresh channels are constantly explored, and kinds of cloth, which a few years ago they would not have attempted to make, are now offered on the market at very reasonable prices. Japanese piece goods do not appear at the auctions. The method of the merchants is to do without dealers and middlemen as far as possible and to make direct sales. The most noticeable increase was in printed piecegoods, which were nearly double the previous year's figures—Hk. Tls. 9,738,000, as against Hk. Tls. 5,082,000. Japan's share of the total importations of this class of goods rose from 62 per cent in 1925 to more than 80 per cent. The most prominent items were printed sixteen drills, with

FUN O' THE FAIR

LET'S ALL GO!

NEVER IN THE HISTORY OF THE M.C.L. HAS THERE EVER BEEN A FAIR LIKE THIS! Dozens of special amusement features to thrill you every minute of the day and night! Entrancing music by four Regimental Bands—Dancing to Whitey Smith's Super Orchestra—COME!

A RIGHT ROYAL WELCOME AWAITS YOU AND YOURS at the Fun o' the Fair. You'll find jolly crowds—laughter—beautiful girls, fireworks, and everything that will delight and amaze you.

**CABARET SHOWS, CHINESE CONJURING,
DRAGON PROCESSION, DONKEY RIDES.**

**TEAS AND ALL THE USUAL
CANDY STALLS.**

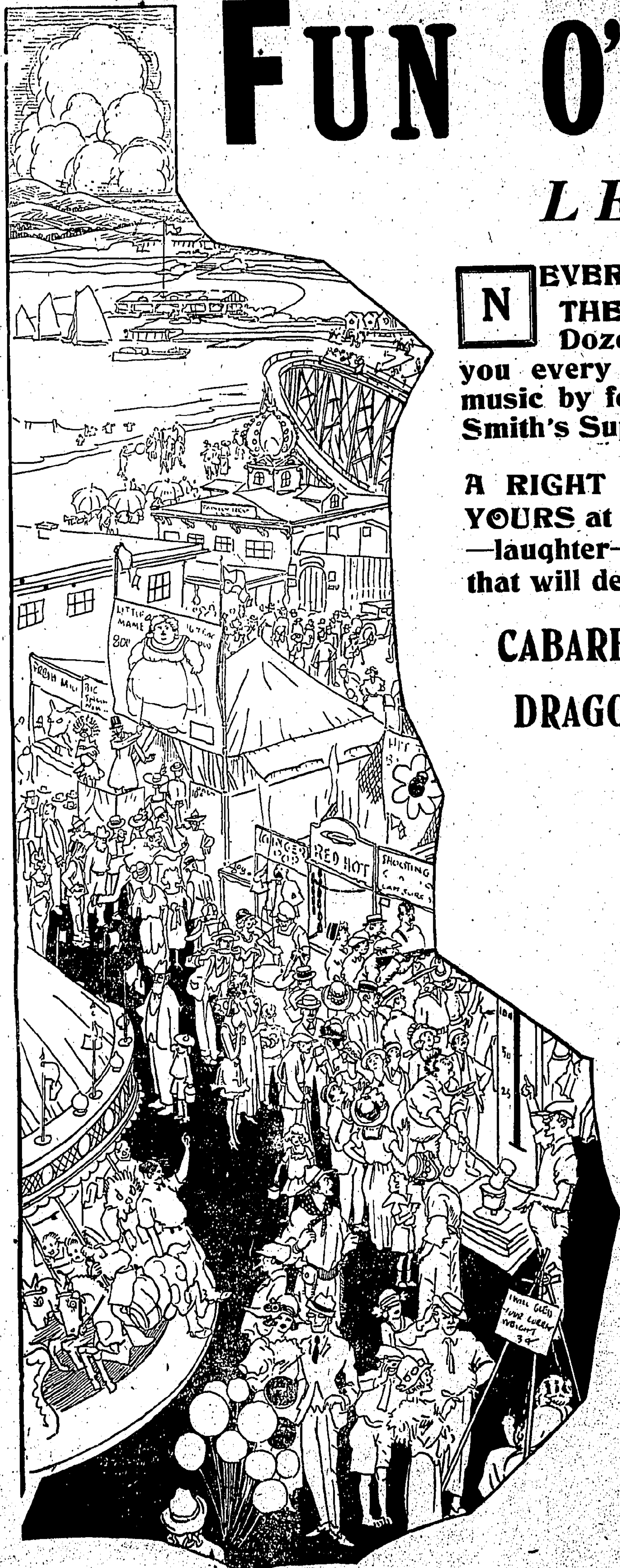
And above all, you'll go away doubly satisfied having thoroughly enjoyed yourselves, and at the same time done your bit for the—

**HONG KONG WOMEN'S GUILD
AND
MINISTERING CHILDREN'S LEAGUE.**

Admission 50 cents;
Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform.
30 cents.

Come to-morrow—and come early to—

LEE GARDENS.



N.Y.K. LINE

THROUGH BOOKING TO EUROPE AT REDUCED RATES.

\$120, \$112, \$110, \$102 £83, via San Francisco.

\$340, \$420, via Japan and Seattle.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu.

*SIBERIA MARU Tuesday, 4th October.

TAIYO MARU Tuesday, 18th October.

TENYO MARU Monday, 31st October.

*Calls Los Angeles, omitting Honolulu.

LONDON via Singapore, Suez, Marseilles & Ports.

ATSUTA MARU Saturday, 8th October.

KASHIMA MARU Saturday, 22nd October.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.

AKI MARU Wednesday, 18th October.

MISHIMA MARU Wednesday, 23rd November.

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang, & Colombo.

TAMBA MARU Tuesday, 11th October.

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico & Panama.

BOKUYO MARU Wednesday, 16th November.

SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape Town & Ports.

KANAGAWA MARU Saturday, 16th October.

NEW YORK and/or BOSTON via PANAMA.

TOBA MARU Tuesday, 11th October.

LIVERPOOL via Singapore, Colombo, Port Said & Ports.

LIMA MARU Thursday, 2nd October.

CALCUTTA via SINGAPORE, PENANG & RANGOON.

NAGANO MARU Saturday, 1st October.

NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

MISHIMA MARU Friday, 21st October.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

SUWA MARU Monday, 3rd October.

TOTTORI MARU (Moji direct) Wednesday, 5th October.

YAMAGATA MARU (Moji direct) Saturday, 8th October.

SEIYO MARU (Kobe direct) Monday, 10th October.

FUSHIMI MARU Monday, 17th October.

† Cargo only.

For further information apply to—NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Tel. Central No. 292 (Private exchange to all departments.)



MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

LIGNES COMMERCIALES (Cargo Boats).

Monthly sailings direct to HAMBURG ROTTERDAM, DUNKIRK.

S.S. "DR. P. BENOIT" 10th October.

S.S. "SI-KIANG" due to arrive from DUNKIRK.

LONDON, HAVRE about the 21st October.

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS (Mail Service)

Steamers, Sailings from Marseilles, Arr. at Hong Kong & Sailings for Shanghai and Japan, Sailings from Hong Kong for Marseilles.

ANGERS, B, 11th Oct, 25th Oct, 8th Nov, 22nd Nov, 6th Dec, 10th Dec.

PARTAGAN, A, 9th September, 11th Oct, 25th Oct, 8th Nov, 22nd Nov, 6th Dec, 10th Dec.

GAL. METZINGER, A, 23rd September, 25th Oct, 8th Nov, 22nd Nov, 6th Dec, 10th Dec.

SPHINX, A, 23rd September, 25th Oct, 8th Nov, 22nd Nov, 6th Dec, 10th Dec.

P. LEGAT or A. LEBON, B, 21st October, 23rd Nov.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY TO MARSEILLES

(Including Table Wine and Free Doctor's Attendance).

A Class 1st Class .. 290. 0s. 0d. B Class 1st Class .. 285. 0s. 0d.

Steamers 2nd .. 270. 0s. 0d. Steamers 2nd .. 265. 0s. 0d.

Through Tickets to London and Leading Towns of Europe.

Accommodations reserved in the Trains at Marseilles.

(Sailings subject to alteration without notice).

For full Particulars, apply to:—

Cla. des MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

Telephone. Central 740. 3, Queen's Building.

CONSIGNATION—TRANSIT—REPRESENTATION.



SHIPPING SECTION.

LOCAL SHIPPING.

TODAY'S ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

THIS MORNING'S LIST.

"Khyber" (6,674) British, from Yokohama, Shanghai, Mackinnon Mackenzie:—56 passengers, 5 tons general cargo for Hong Kong, 3,160 tons general (through).

"Kashmir" (5,554) British, from Singapore—Mackinnon Mackenzie:—76 passengers, 1,060 tons general cargo for Hong Kong, 3,918 tons general (through).

"Kwai Sang" (1,435) British, from Canton—Jardine's:—160 tons general cargo (through).

"Borneo" (1,297) British, from Holhow—Sheun Tai s.s. Co.:—252 passengers, 1,900 tons general cargo and rice for Hong Kong.

"Kwai Sang" (1,435) British, from Tsingtao, Swatow—Jardine's:—3 passengers, 300 tons general cargo for Hong Kong, 1,000 tons general (through).

"Scala Shell" (2,092) British, from Saitozaki—A.F.C.:—

"Sietan" (1,571) British, from Singapore, Holhow—Foo Nam Co.:—765 passengers, 800 tons general cargo for Hong Kong.

"Glenbeg" (5,346) British, from Singapore—Jardine's:—3 passengers, 650 tons general cargo for Hong Kong, 6,000 tons general (through).

"West Sequana" (3,521) American, from Los Angeles, Amoy—Swayne & Hoyt:—1,662 tons gasoline for Hong Kong, 783 tons gasoline (through).

"Hanoi" (739) French, from Fort Bayard—M.M.:—119 passengers, 860 tons rice and general cargo for Hong Kong.

"Saarland" (4,076) German, from Shanghai—Jensen & Co.:—8 passengers, 2 tons general cargo for Hong Kong, 4,030 tons general (through).

"Michael Jensen" (1,342) Danish, from Bangkok, Swatow—Chen Song Hong:—1 passenger, 2,500 tons rice and general cargo for Hong Kong, 200 tons rice and general (through).

"Shinsei Maru" (2,127) Japanese, from Dairen—M.B.K.:—2,460 tons coal for Hong Kong.

"Samarang Maru" (2,500) Japanese, from Balikpapan—Nanyo Y.K.:—11 passengers, 716 tons sugar for Hong Kong, 458 tons general (through).

AMERICAN AUSTRALIA ORIENT LINE.

Operated for U. S. Shipping Board

By SWAYNE & HOYT, INC.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES.

S.S. "WEST ELCAJON" Oct. 3.

For full information apply to SWAYNE & HOYT, INC.

L. EVERETT, Inc.

General Agents

Telephone C. 3008.

1st Floor, Queen's Building.

"Cherbon Maru" (2,518) Japanese, from Karatsu—Nanyo Y. K.:—84 passengers, 482 tons general cargo for Hong Kong, 3,425 tons general (through).

Kaiyo Maru" (1,126) Japanese, from Swatow—O.S.K.:—248 passengers, 778 tons coal and general cargo for Hong Kong.

"Yu Ta" (1,128) Chinese from Swatow—Yee Tai Hong:—9 passengers.

"Hua Lee" (1,910) Chinese, from Holhow—Wallem & Co.:—12 passengers, 1,200 tons general cargo for Hong Kong.

"Sun Kong" (322) Chinese, from Kwong Chow Wan—Man Yick Co.:—360 tons general cargo for Hong Kong.

"Tak Hing" (105) Chinese, from An Tau—Fook Hoi:—85 passengers, 50 tons general cargo for Hong Kong.

Departures.

For Shanghai:—Glenbeg, Yuta, For Tientsin:—Ming Sang.

For Kohsichang:—Olive Bank. For Amoy:—Tung Shan.

For Kanatsui:—R. C. Rickmers. For Swatow:—Shantung.

For Newchwang:—Kathe. For Saigon:—Hawaii Maru.

For Chefoo:—Toyo Maru No. 1. For Manila:—Saarland.

For Batavia:—Tijlarem. For Bangkok:—Clare Jensen.

For Moji:—Anyo Maru. For Keelung:—Maybashi Maru.

For Tourane:—Chung Kong. For Canton:—Kwai Sang.

For Autau:—Tak Hing. For Singapore:—Van Overstra-

ten. For Haiphong:—Shan Tze. Clearances.

For Holhow:—Lim Chow. For Haiphong:—Tonkin.

For Saigon:—Halvard. For Shanghai:—Kashmir.

Shipping Abstract.

Arrivals Departures Port

British 9 4 25

Japanese 4 5 14

Danish 1 1 1

Dutch 0 2 4

French 1 0 4

German 1 0 1

American 1 0 2

Norwegian 1 0 7

Panama 0 0 1

Swedish 0 0 1

Portuguese 0 0 4

21 20 71

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS.

The E. and A. s.s. "St. Albans" will leave for Manila, Kolombuan, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne to-day at 4 p.m.

The P. & O. s.s. "Khyber" left Shanghai for this port on September 27 at 4 p.m. with the Mails, and is due here to-day.

The R.M.S. "Empress of Asia" left Yokohama for Vancouver on September 23 at 3 p.m. and is due at Vancouver on October 2.

The B. I. & Apcar Line s.s. "Tilawa" will leave Amoy for this port on October 2 at p.m., and is due here on October 3 at p.m.

The B. I. & Apcar Line s.s. "Torilla" left Singapore for this port on September 28 at p.m., and is due here on October 4 at p.m.

The C.P.S. R.M.S. "Empress of Canada" (Capt. S. Robinson, C.B.E., R.N.R.), arrived at Manila on September 23 at 7 a.m. leaves Manila to-morrow at 4 p.m., and is due at Hong Kong on October 3 at 8 a.m. She will berth at Pier No. 5, Kwai-foon Wharf, and will leave here for Victoria and Vancouver, B.C., via Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama on October 5 at noon.

The R.M.S. "Empress of Russia" left Vancouver for Hong Kong, via Japan ports and Shanghai, on September 22 and is due here on October 10.

The M.V. s.s. "Japan" (Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.), left Antwerp on September 2, and is due here on or about October 12.

The M.V. "Romolo" (Dodwell & Co., Ltd.) sailed from Aden on September 12, and is due in Hong Kong on October 13.

The s.s. "Kendal Castle" (Dodwell & Co., Ltd.) sailed from New York on September 20, and is due in Hong Kong on October 14.

The following vessels of the Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes are expected to arrive in Hong Kong:—

S.S. "General Metzinger" October 11.

S.S. "Si-Kiang" October 21.

S.S. "Sphinx" October 25.

S.S. "Porthos" November 3.

HELPS CHILDREN OVER HOT WEATHER.

Summer complaints, such as little headwinds, children whose parents mothers use Chamberlain's Colic, and Diarrhoea Remedy, for stomach and bowels, are common. And children intestinal cramps and weakening diarrhoea. Given in a little sweetened water, it is easy to take, and for sale everywhere.

"THE BERMUDA."

LUXURIOUS NEW MOTOR PASSENGER LINER.

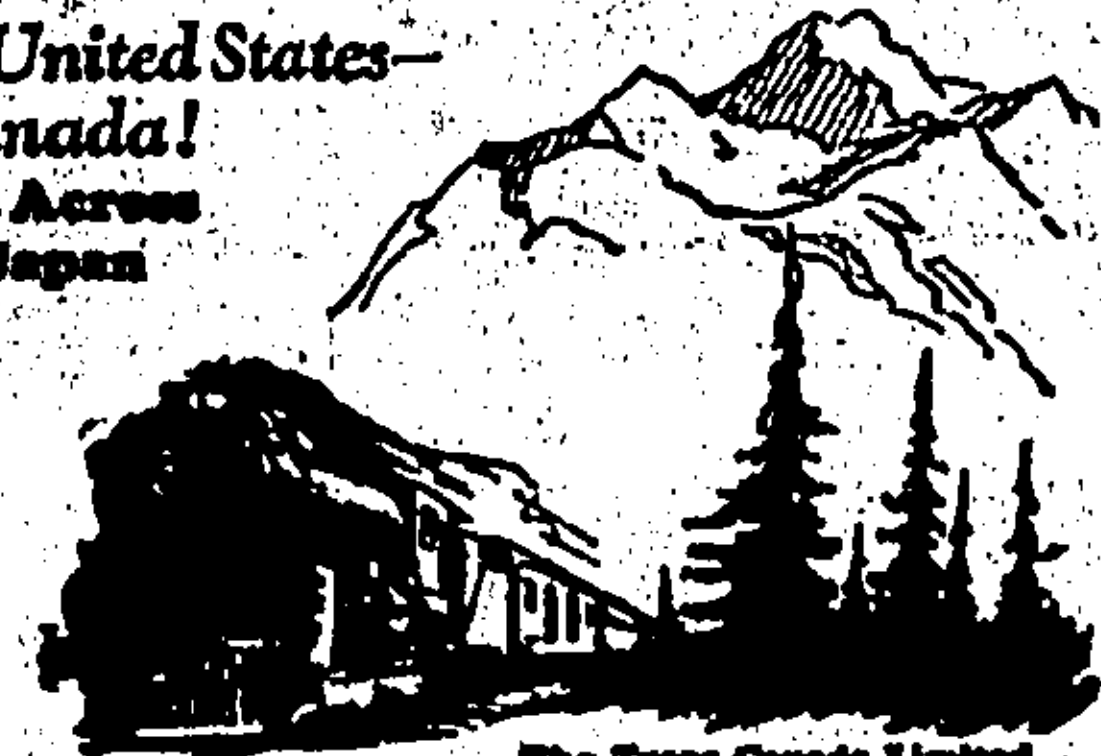
The quadruple-screw motor passenger liner "Bermuda," which has been built to the order of Messrs. The Bermuda and West Indies Steamship Company, Limited, who are associated with Messrs. Furness, Withy and Company, Limited, was launched successfully on July 28, last, from the North Yard, Belfast, of Messrs. Workman Clark and Company, Limited. The vessel, which is intended for service between New York and Bermuda, and also for long cruises round the world, has a length of 550 ft., a beam of 74 ft., a depth, to the shelter deck, of 45 ft., and a displacement of 20,000 tons. The propelling machinery comprises four sets of Duxford opposed-piston reversible oil engines, each with four cylinders, having a diameter of 600 mm. and a combined stroke length of 1,800 mm., installed in the main engine room. Four electric generating sets, driven by Diesel engines, are fitted in the auxiliary engine room, which is separated from the main engine room by a watertight bulkhead. Two donkey boilers intended for heating the fuel and accommodation, and for cooking purposes, are installed in the auxiliary engine room. The auxiliaries, generally speaking, are electrically driven, as also are the steering gear, capstans, windlasses, and winches.

There are seven decks devoted to passenger accommodation, which is of an exceptionally luxurious character. Apart from the dining saloon, which is capable of seating over 400 passengers, and the foyer, the public rooms are all on A deck and on the boat deck. The vessel is built to carry 616 first-class and 75 second-class passengers. The total number of first-class cabins is 250, and many of these rooms are arranged for individual accommodation. The electric lighting is of the indirect type, and the rooms are separately heated and ventilated by a mechanical system, through directional louvers, from which the flow of air can be regulated as desired. The boat deck and the deck below are extended beyond the beam of the ship by as much as 2 ft. 6 in., on each side. On the boat deck there is an area, some 70 ft. in length, for sports and other purposes.

The service arrangements of the ship are very complete; the cooking appliances are largely electrical, and a modern steam and electric laundry has been provided. The vessel has been built to comply with the latest requirements of the British Board of Trade, the United States Regulations, and Lloyd's Register. There are nine watertight bulkheads, extending to the main deck, the watertight doors being fitted with hydraulic machinery for rapid closing; these are operated from the bridge. The cargo arrangements include insulated and refrigerated chambers for the carriage of chilled meat, similar chambers for the carriage of fruit and vegetable cargo, and 'tween decks and hold space for general cargo; part of the space is arranged for the carriage of motor cars. Another cargo to be carried is fresh water for delivery to the Company's hotel in Bermuda, and, in connection with this, special pumping arrangements are being provided. The whole of the work in the vessel has been carried out under the supervision of Messrs. Esplan, Son and Swainston, Messrs. Gardner, of Glasgow, and the owners' representatives.

Shortest, Most Interesting Way to EUROPE

To the United States—To Canada! 9 Days Across from Japan



No long drawn out ocean trip but varied, sea journey with rail, cool and comfortable! Shortest route across the Pacific from Japan! Shortest across America! Shortest across the Atlantic! And at each transfer, only a step from steamer to train. Express of Canada, Express of Asia and Express of Russia are largest and fastest liners across the Pacific. 17 days from Hong Kong. 14 days from Shanghai. 9 days from Yokohama. Then, at Vancouver, through the thrilling Canadian Pacific Rockies..... Fifty Switzerlands in One.

The Atlantic Expresses and Cabin Class Ships sail from Montreal and Quebec 1,000 sheltered miles on the St. Lawrence..... then about 4 days open sea... to Liverpool, Southampton, Belfast, Queenstown, Charing, Antwerp, Hamburg. This Service, combined with the Pacific Railway and Hotel Services en route... offer you, or members of your family, travelling alone... the utmost in comfort and delicious personal attention. All one management... Canadian Pacific.

Let a Canadian Pacific agent or his representative tell you how attractive the through rates are and... how short, comfortable and convenient the route.



O. S. K.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM, & ANTWERP—Via Singapore, Colombo, Suez and Port Said. Thursday, 6th October.

ALASKA MARU

RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS & BUENOS AIRES—Via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Durban & Cape Town. Thursday, 29th September.

HAWAII MARU

BOMBAY—Via Singapore and Colombo. Wednesday, 5th October.

SHUNKO MARU

SUMATRA MARU

DURBAN, DELAGOA BAY, BEIRA, DAR-ES-SALAAM, ZANZIBAR AND HOMBASA—Via Singapore and Colombo. Wednesday, 19th October.

PANAMA MARU

CALCUTTA—Via Singapore, Penang and Rangoon. Friday, 28th October.

SEATTLE MARU

VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA & VANCOUVER Via Japan Ports. Tuesday, 25th October.

ARIZONA MARU (From Shanghai). Saturday, 22nd October.

HAIPHONG—Via HOIHOW & PAKHOI. Saturday, 22nd October.

TAIKAWA MARU

JAPAN PORTS. Tuesday, 11th Oct, 10 a.m.

ANDES MARU

TACOMA MARU

KEELUNG Via SWATOW & AMOY. Friday, 14th October.

KALJO MARU

HOZAN MARU

TAKAO Via SWATOW & AMOY. Sunday, 2nd October, 10 a.m.

DELHI MARU

TAKAO—Direct. Thursday, 6th October, 10 a.m.

BATAVIA MARU

For further particulars please apply to:—OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

Tel. Central No. 4088, 4089, 4090. M. TAKEUCHI, Manager.

American Express Travelers Cheques

"Sky-blue" in colour, these Cheques give travellers the fullest protection against the loss or theft of their travel funds. They are spendable and acceptable everywhere. For more than 36 years travellers the world over have found personal service and financial security their use.

Issued in \$50, \$20, \$10, \$5, \$1, and £5 and £10 denominations—bound in a small handy wallet—and cost only 3/4 of 1 per cent.

Secure your steamship tickets, hotel reservation and itineraries; or plan your cruise or tour through

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

4-A, Des Voeux Road, Central, Hong Kong.

BANK LINE LTD.

AGENTS FOR

ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S.CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT..... ELLERMAN LINE

S.S. "CITY OF PERTH"

4th November

AUSTRALIA..... AUSTRAL-EST INDIES LINE

Sailings from SINGAPORE on 7th of every month by "CITY OF PALERMO" or "CITY OF SPARTA"

to Java, Fremantle, Adelaide, Melbourne and Sydney and vice versa.

Through Freight and Passenger bookings from Hong Kong in conjunction with "Ellerman" Line or other service.

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE..... AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE

S.S. "CITY OF LINCOLN"

4th October.

S.S. "CITY OF EASTBOURNE"

6th November

S.S. "CITY OF WELLINGTON"

20th November

P. & O.-British India Apcar and Eastern & Australian Lines

(COMPANIES incorporated in ENGLAND).

MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS.

TAKING CARGO FOR

STRAITS, JAVA, BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF,
WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA,
AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND AND
QUEENSLAND PORTS, AND RED SEA, EGYPT,
CONSTANTINOPLE, GREECE, LEVANTINE
PORTS, EUROPE, &c.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY

DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

(Under Contract with H.M. Government.)

S. S.	Tons	From Hongkong About	Destination
KYBER	9,114	1st Oct.	Marseilles, London, Antwerp & Hull
ALIPORE	5,273	6th Oct.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
MALWA	10,988	15th Oct.	Marseilles & London
NAGPORA	5,283	20th Oct.	Straits, Colombo & London
KASHMIR	8,955	29th Oct.	Marseilles, London, Antwerp & Hull
MACEDONIA	11,120	12th Nov.	Marseilles & London
MONGOLIA	10,504	20th Nov.	Marseilles & London
MANTUA	10,948	10th Dec.	Marseilles & London
KASHGAR	9,005	24th Dec.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
MOREA	10,958	7th Jan.	Marseilles & London
DEVANHA	8,165	21st Jan.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
MALWA	10,988	4th Feb.	Marseilles & London
KYBER	9,114	18th Feb.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp

Frequent connection from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Constantinople, Piræus, Smyrna and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Khedival Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS.

TILAWA	10,006	6th Oct.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
TAKILWA	7,936	11th Oct.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
SANTHA	7,754	5th Nov.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta

* Calls Rangoon.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

* ST. ALBANS	4,500	30th Sept.	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday Island,
ARAFURA	6,000	4 p.m.	Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney, &
TANDA	9,958	2nd Oct.	Melbourne.

* Calls Kolambagan and omits Sandakan.

Regular monthly sailings from Hongkong to Japan and Hongkong to Australia.

The E. & A. S.S. Co., Ltd., steamers will also call at Shanghai, Hilo, Cebu, Kolambagan, Tawao, Timor, Darwin, or other ports en route as inducement offers.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—

The Union S.S. Company's steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.

The P. & O. Royal Mail steamers to London via Suez Canal.

The P. & O. Branch Service of steamers to London via the Cape.

The New Zealand Shipping Company's steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

ARAFURA	6,000	4th Oct.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama
TORILLA	5,205	6th Oct.	Moji, Kobe & Osaka
SANTHA	7,754	13th Oct.	Amoy, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
MACEDONIA	11,120	15th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
JEYPORE	5,318	25th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
* MONGOLIA	10,504	29th Oct.	Shanghai & Kobe
TANDA	9,958	8th Nov.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama
MANUVA	10,948	12th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
KELVA	9,135	19th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
KASHGAR	9,005	28th Nov.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama
* ST. ALBANS	4,500	6th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
MOREA	10,958	10th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
KALYAN	9,144	13th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
DEVANHA	8,165	24th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
MALWA	10,988	7th Jan.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
KYBER	9,114	21st Jan.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
KHIVA	9,135	28th Jan.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
MACEDONIA	11,120	4th Feb.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
KASHMIR	8,955	18th Feb.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama

* Calls at Dally.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.

*Passengers for Rangoon must defray their own Hotel expenses at Singapore while awaiting the on-carrying steamer.

All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.

Steamers on London and Australian Lines are fitted with Laundries.

Parcels measuring not more than 2 1/2 ft. x 2 ft. x 1 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to Noon on the day previous to sailing.

For further Information, Passage Freights, Handbooks, etc., apply to:—

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

P. & O. Building, Connaught Rd. C., HONGKONG. Agents.

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE

"BLUE FUNNEL" LINE.

(OCEAN S.S. CO., LTD. & CHINA MUTUAL S.S. CO., LTD.)

AND

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.)

SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

S.S. "CITY OF LINCOLN"	via Suez Canal	4th Oct.
S.S. "CITY OF EASTBOURNE"	via Suez Canal	8th Nov.
S.S. "CITY OF WELLINGTON"	via Suez Canal	20th Nov.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' Option.

Subject to change without notice.

For Freight and particulars apply to:—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, or THE BANK LINE, LTD., Hong Kong,
Hong Kong & Canton; JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD., Canton.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

STEAMER FOR
STRAITS, COLOMBO,
AUSTRALIA, BOMBAY, EGYPT,
MEDITERRANEAN PORTS,
AND LONDON.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED
FOR BATAVIA, PERSIAN GULF,
CONTINENTAL, AMERICAN AND
SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

THE Steamship "ALIPORE"

carrying His Majesty's Mails will
be despatched from this port on
or about THURSDAY, the 6th
October, 1927, at 10 a.m. taking
Cargo for the above Ports.
Silk, Valuable and Tea for Italy,
France and London (under arrange-
ment) will be transhipped at
Bombay into the Mail Steamer
proceeding direct to Marseilles
and London.

Parcels will be received at this
Office until 5 p.m. the day before
sailing. The contents and value of
all packages must be declared.

For further Particulars, Apply
to:—
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents.

Hong Kong, 29th September, 1927.

CONSIGNEES.

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

CONSIGNEE NOTICE.

THE Steamship
"D'ARTAGNAN"
BRINGING CARGO FROM
MARSEILLES, &c.

CONSIGNEES are hereby informed
that their goods with the
exception of Opium, Treasure and
Valuables are being landed and
stored into the Godowns of the
HONG KONG KOWLOON WHARF
& GODOWN CO., LTD., KOW-
LOON, whence delivery may be
obtained immediately after landing.

All claims must be sent in to the
Agent on or before FRIDAY, the 7th
October, 1927, or they will not be
recognized.

DAMAGED PACKAGES will be
examined by the Company's Sur-
veyor, Messrs. Godard & Douglas,
in the presence of the Consignees
at 10 a.m. on TUESDAY, the 4th
October, 1927.

No Fire Insurance will be effected
by us in any case whatever.

J. LIMAGE,

Agent.

Hong Kong, 28th September, 1927.

THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LTD.

From LEITH, MIDDLESBRO',
ANTWERP LONDON, STRAITS
& PHILIPPINES.

THE Steamship "BENVENUE"

Consignees of Cargo are hereby
informed that all Goods are being
landed at their risk into the hazar-
dous and/or extra hazardous God-
owns of The Hongkong and Kow-
loon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd.,
whence, and/or from the wharves,
delivery may be obtained.

No claims will be admitted after
the goods have left the godowns,
and all goods remaining undeliver-
ed after the 3rd October, will be
subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer
must be presented to the Under-
signed on or before the 17th
October, 1927, or they will not be
recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged
goods are to be left in the Go-
downs, where they will be examined
on the 3rd October, 1927, at 10 a.m.
No Fire Insurance has been
effected.

Bills of Lading will be counter-
signed by
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.

Hong Kong, 26th September, 1927.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN
LINE.

From New York.

THE Steamship "CITY OF LINCOLN"

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo
by her are informed that all goods
are being landed at their risk into
the hazardous and/or extra-hazar-
dous Godowns of Holt's Wharf,
whence delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after
the Goods have left the Godowns,
and all Goods remaining undeliver-
ed after 3rd October, 1927, will
be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer
must be presented to the Under-
signed on or before 10th October,
1927, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged
Goods are to be left in the Godowns,
where they will be examined on any
Tuesdays or Fridays, between the
hours of 10.45 a.m. and Noon, with-
in the Free Storage period of One
Week.

No Fire Insurance has been
effected.

Bills of Lading will be counter-
signed by
THE BANK LINE LTD.,
General Agents.

Hong Kong, 27th September, 1927.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

Destination	Steamer	Sailing
Antung & Tientsin	YUSANG	Fri., 30th Sept. at 5 p.m.
Taipei via Swatow & Shanghai	CHAKSANG	Sun., 2nd Oct. at 7 a.m.
Taipei via Swatow & Shanghai	KWANGSANG	Wed., 5th Oct. at 7 a.m.
Sandakan	CHIPSANG	Wed., 5th Oct. at 9 a.m.
Tientsin	SUISANG	Fri., 7th Oct. at 3 p.m.
Straits & Calcutta	CHIPSANG	Fri., 7th Oct. at 5 p.m.
Taipei via Swatow & Shanghai	KWONGSANG	Sat., 8th Oct. at 3 p.m.
Taipei via Swatow & Shanghai	LAISANG	Sun., 9th Oct. at 7 a.m.
Osaka via Amoy, Shanghai, & Kobe	KUMSANG	Thurs., 19th Oct. at 7 a.m.
Taipei via Swatow & Shanghai	YATSHING	Sun., 16th Oct. at 7 a.m.
Kobe via Amoy, Moji	POOKSANG	Sun., 18th Oct. at 7 a.m.
Straits & Calcutta	HOSANG	Thurs., 20th Oct. at 3 p.m.

For Freight and Passage apply to:—

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,

Telephone Central 215.

General Managers.

OREGON ORIENTAL LINE

Operated for

UNITED STATES SHIPPING BOARD M.F.C.
By COLUMBIA PACIFIC SHIPPING COMPANY.

FOR PORTLAND Via KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

S.S. "WEST KADER" 9th Oct.

FOR MANILA, CEBU & DAVAO.

S.S. "OAKRIDGE" 11th Oct.

FOR MANILA, ILOILO & CEBU

S.S. "WEST HIXTON" 29th Oct.

All sailings subject to change without notice.

Through Bills of Lading issued to all rail Overland Points in the
U.S.A., also to New Orleans, Savannah, Charleston, Baltimore,
Philadelphia, New York and Boston, via Panama Intercoastal steamer.

ADDRESS:
Room 26, Bank of Canton Building, Canton Agents:
6, Des Voeux Road Central. JOHN MANNERS & Co., Ltd.,
Telephone Central 4871.

PASSENGER LIST.

ARRIVALS.

Passengers arrived in Hong

Kong by the P. and O. s.s.

"Kashmir" yesterday from London

and ports were:—

Comdr. M. L. Clarke, Lt. C. H.

Drake, Mr. W. G. Darley, Mr. C.

Mrs. W. H. Edmonds, Mrs. L.

Graham, Miss D. Johnstone, Mrs.

A. V. Kirman and two children,

Mrs. E. Lander, Miss G. E. Mead,

Mr. D. C. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs.

A. H. Parker, and child, Messrs.

R. B. Robertson, E. J. Spreadbury,

J. Scott, Dr. and Mrs. T. W. Ware,

Eng-Comdr. P. W. Warwick, Mr.

and Mrs. H. G. Butcher, Mrs. G.

S. and Miss Bidwell, Mr. R. Bailey,

Miss H. Christen, Mrs. D. Forbes,

Mr. J. Grossett, Miss R. Hudson,

Messrs. W. M. Hewlett, A. J. G.

Hodgkins, Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Judg,

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Pratt, Sur-Lt.

T. Prentice, Sister G. Stephenson,

Mr. E. T. Schjoth, Miss F. M.

Tippin, Mr. W. H. Kelly, Miss D.

C. O'Kell, Messrs. F. H. Hill, C.

P. Jenkin, Miss Stewart-Lamond,

Messrs. G. Johnson, J. Oliver, W.

Burgess, Mr. and Mrs. Beattie and

two children, Mr. B. D. Lie, Mr.

Scholtz, Mrs. L. S. Khiney and ser-

vant, Mr. N. Shaw, Mrs. Green-

house, Mr. K. Frank, Mrs. L. K. T.

Jian, Mr. J. Lalchand, and Mr.

and Mrs. Gregory.

Passengers arrived by the P. and

O. s.s. "Kyber" from Yokohama

and ports yesterday were:—Mr. R.

H. Beer, Col. R. Brown, Mrs. H.

Hell, Col. Ensor, Col. F. S. Exham,

Mr. E. R. Harrison, Mr. J. P.

Lloyd, Col. W. S. MacKenzie, Capt.

N. C. Parkes, Mr. A. Quinmel, Col.

G. R. Rice, Maj. and Mrs. C. Syles,

Lt. Stxsmith, Mr. J. L. Waters, Mr.

J. Ward, Mrs. I. E. Paton, Mrs. E.

M. Pym, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Taylor,

Mrs. S. H. Dixon, Mrs. Radley,

Capt. D. Smith, Mr. F. C. Cann, Mr.

and Mrs. W. J. Damant, Miss

Fairclough, Mr. H. Hotchkiss, Miss

M. John, Mr. and Mrs. E. Lilley,

Lt.-Col. W. P. McArthur, Mr. L. T.

Northcott, Lt. A. J. Norris, Capt.

E. G. Shearman, Mr. J. Sanderson,

Mr. F. A. Wiseman, Mr. T. Wilkin-

son.

damage. The speed of revolution
of the paddle, moreover, is too low
for it to be conveniently combined
with a high-speed engine, while the
employment of a low-speed engine
means extra stern weight, and
necessitates a boat with full lines
aft. Again, the tunnel-screw ar-
rangement is less efficient when the
draught is small, and is not easy
to use for stern running. In
shallow, too, foreign bodies may
be sucked into the tunnel and cause
damage.

Under such conditions as we are
considering, therefore, the hydraulic
propeller offers great advan-
tages, consisting, as it does, simply
of an impeller rotating in a casing.
A further point in its favour is the
absence of "water noise," which
renders it immune from detection
by a hydrophone. A worker who
has contributed greatly to the de-
velopment of this system is Mr.
Donald V. Hotchkiss, of North
Bridge, Wareham, Dorset, whose
hydraulic propeller, brought out in
1919, has been applied successfully
to a large number of vessels.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICES.

Consignees of Cargo ex s.s.
"City of Lincoln" are advised
that all goods remaining undeliver-
ed after October 3, will be subject
to rent.

Consignees of Cargo ex s.s.
"D'Artagnan" are advised to send
in their claims to the Agent be-
fore October 7.



Traveling Social Registers

WATSON'S E WHISKY

Blended where it is distilled, and Bottled
where it is blended—in SCOTLAND.

▲ Skilful blend of the finest
matured Highland Whiskies. A
happy result of long years of ex-
perience in distilling and blending;
with a fine flavour that cannot
fail to assure appreciation from
the most discriminating palate.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.
Alexandra Building. Phone C. 616.

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器玉翠翡與裕李
JADE MERCHANT.

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Genuine articles and Satisfaction guaranteed.

No. 56, Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong
Tel. C. 1908.

Factory: 18, Hung Shou Chung Street, Canton.

香港中環五十六號

NAM WAH

BRAND.
NEW SEASON GINGER.

Well Preserved.
Colour and Mellowness Guaranteed.

Nam Wah Preserved Ginger Manufacturers

FACTORY
NO. 2, DES VEAUX ROAD CENTRAL
HONG KONG
TELEPHONE C. 5892

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Moderate rates, Punctuality and Excellent Quality.

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THE BUSY MAN'S STAND-BY.

ARRANGED IN NUMERICAL ORDER.

\$1. ON SALE AT THE PUBLISHERS \$1.

THE HONGKONG DOLLAR DIRECTORY CO.

Wyndham Street.

WHITEWAYS

WINTER DRESS GOODS JUST RECEIVED

We have just unpacked a splendid selection
of Winter Dress Tweeds of really Special
Value.

LOT NO. 1

1,700 yards

Dress Tweeds suitable for skirts Children's
dresses etc. All shades.

38 inches wide.

\$1.50 yard

LOT NO. 2

500 yards

Dress Tweeds Small fancy check designs.
38 inches wide

\$1.95 yard

BETTER QUALITIES

\$2.50 to \$7.50 yard

CALL AND INSPECT

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

HONG KONG.

The China Mail

(Every evening except Sunday.
Annual subscription, excluding
postage abroad, H.K. \$36, payable
in advance. Local delivery free.)

Overland China Mail.

(The weekly edition of the "China
Mail." Annual subscription, H.K.
\$13 including postage \$15, payable
in advance.)

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should be made payable.

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Advertising Agency (London),
Ltd., 35-38, Southampton Street,
Strand, W.C.2.

Hong Kong, Friday, Sept. 30, 1927.

THE CECIL RESIGNATION.

We have had to await the ar-
rival of the Home newspapers to
ascertain the full story of Vis-
count Cecil's resignation from the
Cabinet. That it was concerned
with British policy in regard to
the Naval Disarmament Confer-
ence at Geneva and not because
of any personal disagreement with
fellow-members of the Cabinet we
knew; but exactly where the noble
lord's views differed from those
of his colleagues, we knew not.
Now it appears that he was vast-
ly out of sympathy with the in-
structions he received prior to set-
ting out for Geneva; that, indeed,
his colleagues' and his own ideas
on the question of Disarmament
(apart from any definitely out-
lined British policy) were poles
apart in particular regard to a
single aspect of their record—
which was, however, in no way
related to the country's domestic
affairs. As has been pointed out
elsewhere, the full extent of the
difference of opinion between
Lord Cecil and the Government as
to what may prudently be under-
taken in furtherance of an ideal is
revealed in his deploring "the un-
conditional rejection of the Pro-
tocol" elaborated at Geneva in
1924. The staggering nature of
the risks and the overwhelming
burden of unshared responsibility
to which Great Britain would
have been subjected by the accept-
ance of that scheme have been on
countless occasions emphasised;
and the proposition, rightly ac-
cording to most people, was drop-
ped. Risks, of course, have to be
taken at times, and it has been
ably argued that risks such as we
were asked to take then—and
such as Lord Cecil would have us
take now—apparently ought to
have been accepted by a Power

like Great Britain if we had at
heart the promotion of the cause
of established peace. But in our
opinion, the magnitude of the
risks put them absolutely out of
court.

However, so far as we are con-
cerned, the Protocol proposals,
as set forth in 1924, are dead.
What is of greater import is the
acknowledged fact that we have
shown our readiness to go to con-
siderable lengths. Our actions
have proved that. Always loyal
to the undertakings given at the
Washington Conference, at
Geneva the Government, through
its spokesmen, signified its will-
ingness to go much farther in the
agreed limitation of naval arma-
ments. It accepted the arbitra-
tion of the League in the matter
of the Mosul boundary. It entered into
the sufficiently grave commitments
involved in the Locarno Treaty.
It has reduced the aggregate ex-
penditure upon armaments year
by year, and the country is now
disarmed to the limits of national
safety. Any farther we cannot
go. These things, in themselves,
count for much, and indicate, as
Mr. Baldwin pointed out in his re-
ply to Lord Cecil, that "progress
can be made on the lines we are
pursuing." Lord Cecil's differ-
ence with his colleagues has not,
it would seem, been a difference
upon "the broad policy of Dis-
armament," but a difference as to
the means by which that policy
may best be advanced. He has,
apparently, taken inevitable dis-
appointments much to heart, as is
reminded that "it is the task of
statesmen to learn from failure
no less than from success." His
resignation is universally deplored;
but whilst Britain will have
very great difficulty in filling his
place she must go ahead unswerv-
ingly with her declared policy in
the matter of naval disarmament;
must not, in other words, commit
herself to further reductions to
satisfy the widely accepted and
generally sound ideas of one man
at the probable expense of the
nation's safety.

RUM RUNNER FREED.

SEQUEL TO SEIZURE BY
FINNISH WARSHIP.

Helsingfors, Yesterday.
The seizure of an Austrian
rum running vessel, the "Hvalen,"
by a Finnish warship outside ter-
ritorial waters has had an extra-
ordinary sequel.
Legal experts found that the
authorities were not justified in
seizing the ship according to in-
ternational law, and the vessel,
with cargo, was accordingly re-
leased and rejoined the rum run-
ning traffic off the coast. But

"ILLEGAL" COINS.

COPPER CURRENCY FOR
KWANGSI.

PURCHASE IN CANTON.

Light is thrown on the seizure
in Hong Kong of illicit copper
coins of China, a report coming
down from Canton that the
Kwangsi provincial government
is interesting itself in procuring
quantities of this currency to re-
lieve the stringency up there.

A despatch has been sent to
Canton asking permission for a
Kwangsi delegation to proceed
thither to buy.

A Canton silver twenty cent
piece fetches about 32 or 34 cop-
pers in the two Kwang provinces.
In Shanghai, Tientsin and other
ports of North China, one always
gets 44 coppers. The inducement
to bring debased coinage down
south is obvious. There being a
demand in the two Kwangs, it is
only natural that the rate should
be higher.

Kwangsi's proposed buying de-
legation will comprise representa-
tives of the provincial treasury,
the commercial bureau, the bank-
ers and the merchants.

Ironside's Power.

Every day sees the Ironsides
(the Cantonese troops returned
from the Yangtze campaign) in-
creasing their strength in Canton
but no friction is apparent on the
surface, with the Canton adminis-
tration under General Li Chai-
sum.

Part of the 25th division (of
the Ironsides) has been ordered to
Shedung, the thriving town
where the Kowloon-Canton Rail-
way (Chinese section) crosses the
East River. Other units of the
4th Army are to garrison the pro-
vincial frontier between Kwang-
si and Kwangsi. Field and
mountain batteries of artillery
have arrived at Canton. Recruit-
ing officers have orders to enlist
men in the outlying districts
where transport and "army ser-
vice" detachments are making
preliminary surveys.

IN THE NEWS.

ITEMS FROM TO-DAY'S POLICE
REPORTS.

The police have received a report
of the theft of a lady's handbag
containing articles worth \$26 from
the Central British School some
time between 10 and 11 p.m. on
Wednesday. The bag was left by
Miss M. White on a chair while she
was dancing and it was gone when
she returned.

As the result of attempting to
jump off a train at Fanling, a
15-year-old Chinese youth fell and
received a nasty scalp wound which
had to be stitched at the Govern-
ment Civil Hospital. His condition
is not considered serious.

As the result of an accident while
unloading gunny bags at Praya
East yesterday, a cargo coolie re-
ceived injuries to his shoulder
which necessitated his removal to
the Government Civil Hospital. A
sliding of bags broke and the load
fell on the man.

While on a visit to his father who
is the keeper of the Wing On go-
down in Des Vaux Road West, a
Chinese boy climbed upon some scaf-
olding erected outside the go-down.
He missed his footing and fell a
short distance to the ground, re-
ceiving a scalp wound which had
to be attended to at the Gov-
ernment Civil Hospital.

A 5-year-old Chinese girl was
yesterday removed to the Govern-
ment Civil Hospital suffering from
a crushed foot as the result of be-
ing knocked down by a hand truck
in Des Vaux Road West. A wheel
of the truck ran over the child's
right foot.

A Chinese woman yesterday lost
jewellery worth \$50 as the result of
the activities of a confidence trick-
ster whom she met in Queen's Road
West. The man told the usual
story about finding a roll of bank-
notes, and persuaded the woman, a
waitress in a West Point Teahouse,
to change the money for him. She
parted with her jewellery as secur-
ity for the money. When the par-
cel was opened at the money chang-
er's, it was found to contain waste
paper. She returned to the place
where the man had promised to wait
for her, but he had suddenly re-
membered a pressing engagement!

When Revenue Officers yesterday
searched the luggage of three Chi-
nese coming off the Ho I On wharf,
the opium was found concealed in the
false bottoms of a rattan basket
and two wooden boxes. The owner
of the luggage was this morning
charged before Mr. R. E. Lind-
sell with the unlawful possession of
non-Government opium. They all
said that the drug had been given

EXCELLENT FILMS.

LIFE AND LOVE IN AFRICAN
OUTPOST.

THE OLD "CHARLIE."

Two excellent films are now
showing at the Queen's Theatre,
one an adaptation of Cynthia
Stockley's well-known novel of
life in the African outlands, "The
Claw," and the other Charlie
Chaplin's "A Dog's Life." The
former supports the contention
that a good novel can almost al-
ways make a good photoplay, pro-
vided it is adequately and intelli-
gently handled. The author's
clever handwork is thrown on the
screen step by step, and it is a
treat to follow the story with the
eye. A view of the picture will
explain to anyone who has not
yet discovered the fact why
cinema producers eagerly bargain
for the work of accepted authors
in preference to scenarios turned
out on the lot.

"The Claw" tells of an English
girl, a part capably played by
Claire Windsor, who becomes in-
fatuated with a major who repre-
sents a big company at an outpost
in South Africa. Arthur Edmund
Carew fills the role. The girl,
however, is engaged to another
man who is sent to the outpost to
"make good" as the saying goes.
Norman Kerry takes this part of
the potential rotter who, eventu-
ally, turns out a fine fellow.
There are in the meantime, how-
ever, a number of exciting pass-
ages, such as fights with natives,
and some cynical portrayals of
"society" in a small Colonial com-
munity, with its inherent snob-
bishness, catinness and, withal,
comicalities.

A Query.

The other film, "A Dog's Life,"
shows us Charlie Chaplin as he
was when he really had to work
for his living. Here we have the
slapstick stuff that made him
famous, the "dope" he was proud
to give us with such artistry be-
fore he got an idea that he would
like to play the role of "Hamlet."
Everyone in the theatre last
evening enjoyed the picture, judg-
ing from the rolls of laughter.
Charlie with his over-small bow-
ler, comical moustache, queer
shuffling walk and expressive eye-
brows went to the hearts of all.
The same may be said for the un-
named mongrel which, in the
story, he adopts, and the unnamed
sweet girl he marries after find-
ing her singing in a low-class
dancing hall.

Charlie we know. He has been
before us ever since this film and
many similar ones were made, so
much so that to-day his private
affairs are considered of world
importance and his domestic de-
tails are telegraphed to the ends
of the earth. But what of that
dog? And the sweet girl, who
played opposite him? The
mongrel, in its way, showed itself
as clever as has Rin Tin Tin, and
the girl, it seemed, stood a good
chance of developing into a star.
Have the pair, like Charlie, arrived
anywhere, or has the mongrel
retired to the back alleys and
dust-bins of the curbstones, and
the girl sought to merge the grief
born of blighted film-fame in the
energetic rearing of a large fam-
ily in a New York suburb?

I wonder.

— H. C.

GUEST AS HOST.

GOVERNOR OF MACAO
ENTERTAINS.

A LUNCHEON PARTY.

His Excellency the Governor of
Macao will be leaving Hong Kong
for Macao on Saturday morning,
leaving Government House for
Queen's Pier at 9 a.m. and embark-
ing later on the "Patria."

Senhor and Madame Barbosa yester-
day entertained His Excellency
Sir Cecil Clementi and Lady Clemen-
ti at a luncheon party at Repulse
Bay Hotel when among others pre-
sent were Major-General C. C.
Luard, C.B., C.M.G., the Hon. Mr.
W. T. Southern and Mrs. Southern,
His Honour, Mr. Justice J. R. Wood
and Mrs. Wood, the Hon. Sir Shou-
son and Lady Chow, the Hon. Dr.
and Mrs. Kotgwall, Commander de
Inso, Capt. Whyte, Capt. Forster,
Capt. Johnstone, Capt. Dowbiggin,
Mr. and Mrs. Servero and Mrs.
Servero, Mr. J. P. Braga, Mr. C. da
Rosa, Mr. H. Rodgers, and Mr.
Liang Shi-yi.

Yesterday afternoon, Senhor and
Madame Barbosa had tea at Moun-
tain Lodge and in the evening they
were entertained at Stanley Lodge,
Stanley Bay, by Mr. Ho Kwong.

to them by friends to carry. The
first man who had 76 tals of raw
and 5 tals of prepared opium, was
fined \$2,000 or six months on the
first count, and \$400 or three
months on the other. The other
two were each fined \$2,000 or six
months for the possession of 80 and
70 tals of raw opium respectively.

P'RAPS-P'RAPS NOT!

Peak Young Lady: "I'm going
to sell kisses at the Fun o' the
Fair. Do you think five dollars
will be too much to charge?"
Her Friend: "Oh, dear, no!
People always expect to be cheated
at bazaars."

Manager: Vot? You come into
zees famous restaurant, drink ze
glass of water an' zen walk calmy
out?

Scott: Hotts, mon! Did ye ex-
pect me to stagger out?

"I told you not to use the silver
for cooking. And now I find you
stirring up the gravy with a silver
spoon."

"Oh, but the spoon was dirty,
anyway!"

"What the devil are you doing
all this time, chauffeur?"
"I'm counting the nails, sir. If
there is one too many we have got
a puncture."

"Heads we have a drink, tails
we don't, we said. And there it is
— tails. What'll we do, George?"
"Don't be silly—toss the coin
again."

"These flimsy garments are ter-
rible, Madam. Every time you
open the door one of them blows
away."

"When was he hurt?"
"Well, the bull tossed him up yes-
terday, but he's only just come
down."

Manager of hotel (to new boot-
boy, who is very slow). "Now
then, my lad, it's taking you a long
time to black those boots, isn't it?"
Bootboy: "Yes, sir, some of them
were brown when I started!"

They were newly wedded—not in
the best of circumstances. Said
he: "If things don't go better with
us, darling, I suppose your father
won't see us starve?"
"No, poor dear," replied the
young wife, "his eyesight gets
worse every day."

A Society lady felt unwell at a
reception, so instructed her chauff-
eur to drive to her doctor's place
in Harley-street. The doctor saw
her at once, diagnosed her case
rapidly, and gave prompt advice.
"You have caught a chill," he said,
"drive straight home, get dressed,
and go to bed!"

A man went to a newspaper office
and complained that his death had
been announced erroneously.
"Well," said the editor, "we never
contradict anything we have pub-
lished, but I'll tell you what I'll do.
I'll put you in the births column
to-morrow and give you a fresh
start."

"John," observed his wife in a
rather ominous voice, "I found
some very queer-looking tickets in
your desk this morning."

"Did you, dear?" replied John,
meekly.

"Yes. One of them said:
'Ptolemy 100 to 7.' What does that
mean?"

"Oh, my archaeological studies,
my dear," responded John, "tell of
a lost race."

Five-year-old John was at dinner
at a neighbour's one day when she
was surprised to see the whole
family before eating, saying grace.

At last she asked, "What are you
doing?"

"We are thanking the Lord for
giving us this bread," said her
hostess. "Don't you give thanks
at home?"

"Oh, no," answered Joan, "we
pay for our bread."

Slightly Muddled Lady: "As I
said to 'Arriet at th' time, 'never
mind abaut th' truth, 'Arriet, tell
th' magistrate what actually hap-
pened!"

Nervous Person: "And what
would happen, captain, if the ship
struck an iceberg?"

Captain: "My dear young lady,
the iceberg would pass along as if
nothing had happened."

Person: "How perfectly top-
ping!"

Hubbard: "What! Dinner not
ready again? I'm going to a res-
taurant!"

Wife: "Oh, just wait five
minutes, sweetheart."

Hubbard: "Will it definitely be
ready then?"

Wife: "No, I'll come with you."

CHILDREN LIKE CHAMBER- LAIN'S PAIN-BALM.

For "black and blue" bruises,
sprains of wrists and ankles,
sprains of cords and muscles, stub-
bed toes, cuts, burns and other
miscellaneous "childhood" ailments,
Chamberlain's Pain-Balm always gives
relief. Does just as much for older
people too. Eases their rheumatic
pains, backaches, and neuralgic
just rub it on the sore spots. It
is penetrating and quickly helps
Sold and recommended everywhere.

DEATH SENTENCE.

(Continued from Page 1.)

In deciding whether or not these two parts formed the note which had been in the possession of Mrs. Mackay, His Lordship asked the jury to hear in mind the evidence of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank employee that forgeries of this type were of fairly frequent occurrence. The Crown asked them to find that the half found was Mrs. Mackay's property also because it was found at the same time and place as the wad of notes and it was known that Mrs. Mackay had previously had a wad of notes in her handbag. Also found at the same time was the Wing On coupon.

For the Jury.

There was no direct evidence, said His Lordship, that this coupon either was in Mrs. Mackay's possession at all. It was known that Mrs. Mackay made purchases which entitled her to such a coupon either the day of or day before the murder and also that the coupon was issued at the counter where Mrs. Mackay made purchases. Articles of a similar nature to the purchased articles in question were also in her possession. It was for the jury to say whether, putting all these facts together, there was sufficient for them to say that the coupon found on the path was that belonging to Mrs. Mackay. If they came to that conclusion, it immediately strengthened them in the conclusion that the half a forged note found on the same path also came from Mrs. Mackay's handbag. His Lordship declined to pass an opinion on this himself and asked that it should be the very first point considered by the jury. If they decided in the negative, His Lordship stated that he did not think that any solid foundation remained for conviction. If they decided in the affirmative then they must consider the evidence further and take it as a whole. The case did not entirely rest on that aspect of it and it was only right from the point of view of all concerned that all avenues should be explored.

Crown's Evidence.

Additional evidence which the Crown alleged implicated the prisoners was as follows. They were arrested in Shaikwan together twenty-four hours after the murder. When arrested, they were wearing clothing similar to that described by the only eye-witness of the incident leading up to the murder—the taller in dark coat and light trousers and the smaller of the two in dark throughout. The two men were known from other evidence to have been together on the night of the murder and to have slept on board a boat when they were still wearing the clothes in which they were arrested.

A smaller point was that the two men had exactly the same notes in their possession. Another point made by the Crown concerned the wound on the hand of the second prisoner and the finding of blood inside the rifled hand bag of the murdered woman. In this connection, the jury must not ignore entirely the possibility, however remote, that the murdered woman before her death herself opened the bag to see what was taken. There was evidence that when she leant on her little nephew for support there had been blood on her hands. On the other hand, blood had also been found on a note in the possession of the first prisoner and a ten cent piece in the possession of second prisoner.

For the Prisoners.

There was a good deal to be said from the prisoners' point of view, said His Lordship, on the evidence which had been offered. There were certain factors in the Crown case which he did not want the jury to regard with undue importance. The first was that when arrested stains which the medical evidence went to show were of human blood were found on their clothing. In this connection it seemed to him that it was almost impossible for blood to have appeared on the clothing of her assailants from the murdered woman. The first prisoner had stated that he had been suffering from bleeding boils and it was quite possible in view of the habits of men of his class that he had not changed his clothes for some time.

Regarding the suggestion of the Crown that the wounds on the deceased having been inflicted with a blunt instrument and the wound on the second prisoner's hand having been inflicted with a blunt instrument, therefore the instrument used had been the same. His Lordship emphasised that there were numerous such blunt instruments and he did not think importance should be attached to this point.

Another point was the statement of the first prisoner on arrest that the blood, or some of the blood, on his trousers was fish blood, a statement which had proved false. The Crown has put forward the suggestion that prisoner had lied from a guilty mind, but from a considerable knowledge of the behaviour of Chinese prisoners on arrest His Lordship asked the jury not to attach importance to this point either. On the ground that it was impossible to say definitely that the second prisoner had not cut his hand with a knife, His Lordship also asked

THE D.B.S.

ACTIVITIES OF THE NEW TERM.

SPLENDID ADAPTABILITY.

The Diocesan Boys' School term began three weeks ago and the Committee and the Headmaster have lost no time in adapting the temporary premises at Mongkok to the purposes of a School. Grounds have been formed and a strong fence erected and there are also two hard tennis courts. A covered playground 60 feet by 25 feet will be built at the corner of Nathan Road and Prince Edward Avenue during the next six weeks. This term two cricket nets and cricket matting have been purchased and on most of the evenings of the week passers-by can see tennis, cricket and football being played. The standard of Cricket at the school was never better, although there are weak places. Regular practice which takes place at recess, fifteen times and after School, will no doubt help to produce greatly the standard and produce more players throughout the School.

There are 67 boarders this term and about 160 day boys.

The following appointments have been made during the year—Senior School Prefect—Chan Leung Chi.

Senior Boarders Prefects—Woe Chia Eng and P. Waller. Captain of tennis—Lee Ian Pit. Captain of football—Pong Pun Fong.

Captain of cricket—D. Anderson. The Games Masters are—Mr. E. C. Thomas (football), Mr. T. S. W. Chan (tennis) and Mr. J. L. Youngsage (cricket).

Football Matches will begin next week, trial matches, senior and junior have been held during the past week. In cricket and tennis the teams have already met with several successes.

With regard to work there have been very few changes in the staff. All boys must learn Chinese; in this subject several English and Eurasian boys are making steady progress in writing, reading and speaking; formerly many of these boys could speak a little Chinese but practically none of them learned the characters, a thing which is now compulsory. Mr. Law Lok Tin, senior vernacular master and Mr. Tse Tin Tsung, late of the London Mission, and a teacher who knows Mandarin and Japanese in addition to Cantonese, have been revealing the syllabus and time table in Chinese during the year. Regular periods are fixed now for homework as well as for work in School. Next year it is hoped to introduce Mandarin into the two senior classes.

For science, chemistry and physics, Classes 1 to 4 go to the Science Room which was fitted up at the New School, now the General Hospital. Mr. J. L. Youngsage B.Sc. and Mr. A. G. Prew, B.A., both Old Boys and Graduates of the Hong Kong University, are the Science Masters.

RELIGIOUS WARS.

MORE TROUBLE IN INDIA.

Dehra Dun, Yesterday.

Six were injured and 40, mostly Kabulis, arrested after a communal riot last night in connection with religious celebrations at Ramilla by Hindus, stones were thrown at images of Rama Lakshmana from a house said to be occupied by Kabuli Moslems as the procession was approaching a mosque.—Reuter.

the jury not to attach too much importance to the evidence which had been given showing that it was unlikely that it could have been done in sharpening prisoner's nails.

His Lordship, in conclusion, laid special stress on the fact that prisoners had made no statement on arrest although the first prisoner had contended that he endeavoured to make a statement and was debarred from so doing. The police evidence on this point had, however, been emphatic. It was peculiar that, if these men were guilty of the attack, they should have made no attempt—having the money to do so in their possession—to get away from the vicinity of the murder and to change the clothes they were wearing at the time of the murder. Finally, His Lordship said that it was not a necessary inference that because the second prisoner had deposed to an early knowledge of the murder therefore he must have taken part in it.

Finally, His Lordship commented on the decision of the defence not to give evidence and on the absence of corroborative evidence of their having played "tin kau" on the night in question. Counsel had concentrated not on establishing prisoners' innocence, but in holding that the Crown had failed to prove their case—a course which he was perfectly entitled to follow. The jury retired for thirty-five minutes and returned a verdict.

WHITEY PRESENTED.

JAZZ MASTER MEETS TWO GOVERNORS.

SEASON CLOSING.

By special request Whitey Smith and his famous Majestic Orchestra played during fifteen yesterday afternoon which was given by His Excellency the Governor of Macao in honour of their Excellencies Sir Cecil and Lady Clement.

At the request of Their Excellencies, Whitey was presented to them, and also to His Excellency the Governor of Macao and Madame Barbosa received from them all very deserving praise.

On Saturday evening, Whitey plays at the Lee Gardens in aid of the Ministering Children's League. On Sunday afternoon, his Orchestra will play for Tea Dancers at Repulse Bay Hotel.

Whitey's Season in Hong Kong, which was all too short, comes to a close on Tuesday, October 4, when he gives his Farewell Carnival at Repulse Bay Hotel. He states he is putting up his very best as a mark of gratitude for the very enthusiastic reception he has received from the Hong Kong public during his short season at Repulse Bay Hotel. Naturally a very large crowd is expected to attend, as this is the last chance offered to the Hong Kong Public of hearing the Majestic Orchestra, for on Wednesday, Whitey and his very cheery kids sail for Shanghai by the "Empress of Canada."

HIT WITH BARS?

FOREMAN CHARGES FOUR COOLIES.

Evidence was yesterday afternoon taken by Mr. R. E. Lindsell in the case in which a foreman employed by the Hong Kong Excavation, Pile Driving and Construction Company charged four sub-contractors' coolies with assault and intimidation.

According to the foreman, he was employed by the Construction Company to supervise the levelling of a certain site on Stubbs Road. The work entailed the blasting of a large boulder which was hanging in a dangerous position on the slope. He gave instructions to the matched coolies to erect a scaffolding on one side of the rock, but the men dallied with the work until September 22, when the witness caused foot-holds to be cut into the boulder, and climbed to the top of it with two of his own folk. While they were there the four defendants with another man who was not in custody came on the scene and threatened the witness and his folk that if they started blasting operations there would be trouble.

The witness did not mind the men, and climbing down the rock, proceeded to put his tools away in a matched below the level of the road. As the witness was returning to the boulder, he was waylaid by the defendants and assaulted. Defendants were all armed with short iron bars.

European Evidence.

Replying to Mr. L. D. Turner, for the defence, the witness said that he had never heard any discussion about the defendants not getting their wages from the Construction Company. The witness admitted that he had been in Court before and had been fined for the possession of dynamite.

Mr. Turner told the Magistrate that he would prove that the complainant had been brought up for something else.

Mr. H. J. Armstrong, for the prosecution, intimated that some European members of the Construction Company would be called to give evidence on the complainant's behalf.

The case was then adjourned.

INCOMPLETE.

OFFICIAL EVIDENCE IN OPIUM CASE.

Charged with selling opium without a permit from the Government Import and Export Office, a Chinese who was defended by Mr. A. E. Hall was yesterday discharged by Mr. W. Schofield at the Kowloon Magistracy on the ground that the prosecution had not produced all the evidence necessary to prove their case. The accused was alleged to have sold 20-cents worth of opium to a coolie who visited his house in Tungson Street on the instruction of Revenue Officer Brown. The place was raided immediately after the opium had been sold, and the accused was arrested. Accused was alleged to have admitted selling the opium to the coolie.

Mr. Hall contended that the statement made by the accused to the revenue officers was not admissible as evidence as he had not been previously warned, but after some argument the Magistrate ruled against Counsel on this point, as it was necessary for raiders to take such statements in order to determine the responsible person.

Mr. Hall then submitted that in any case the prosecution was incomplete, as although a Chinese R.Q. had spoken about discovering opium containers, neither these nor the 20-cents paid for the opium had been produced in Court. Mr. Schofield agreed with Counsel on this point, and the accused was discharged.

PAID FOR TREATED.

MHO OF MACAO LOTTERY CASE.

A WARRANT ISSUED.

At the conclusion of the Criminal Sessions this morning, the Chinese who failed to answer to his name at the date fixed for his trial was given a final chance of answering the charge against him of attempting to bribe a constable in connection with the sale of Macao "po pul" (lottery) tickets.

The man's name was again called and, as he again failed to appear, his bail of \$1,000 was estreated and, on the application of Mr. H. K. Holmes, Crown Solicitor, a warrant for his arrest was issued.

MANCHURIA TO-DAY.

DISRUPTIVE ELEMENTS IN EVIDENCE.

Tokyo, Sept. 7.

Japan has been fortunate during the past twenty years of beneficent rule in the Manchurian area to escape the agitation and confusion of government that has brought disaster to South China, but it is now evident that disruptive elements are active in the Three Eastern Provinces, and that the Tokyo Government has to contend with a disorderly group which may or may not be inspired by the communistic agitators of the South, but most likely are. It was not to be expected that Japan would escape the effects of the feverish policy that seized the military rulers and their henchmen in the South. It is hard for a badly ruled people to resist the glamour of the Soviet promises, and harder still to throw off the Soviet yoke once it has been imposed, for millions are despoiled for the benefit of the few. This cruel fact is now fully realised by the people over large areas of South and Central China, though realization brings with it an added pang for classes and masses are powerless. Japan's duty, as far as possible, is to prevent the agencies that have been so successful in introducing the Soviet autocracy into South China from reducing Manchuria to similar straits.

Japan's difficulties are obvious. She controls only a very small area in South Manchuria, and while this rule has an influence over a very much larger area in restraining the disorderly elements, bandits and others, she can only exercise a moral influence over the provincial authorities. If they are well disposed, well and good, but at the moment they are showing themselves to be anything but well disposed, and inclined to flout Japan.

This symptom, observable for months past, and probably a natural consequence of the disorders in the South, has given Japan not a little anxiety. It shows itself in many ways; in the projection of railway schemes inimical to the interests of the South Manchuria Railway, and in conflicts in the consular areas where the Japanese consular police is an institution naturally not welcome by the local Chinese authorities but are considered absolutely necessary for the safety of the consul and the Japanese community. Chinese agents in Manchuria are as lax and negative as in other parts of China. But in the past a special reputation, and conditions in the three provinces have seemed to be altogether superior to conditions in other parts of the ill-governed republic. In the last few years, Chang himself has lost power; his treasury is depleted by unending warfare, and the provincial finances are in a bad way. His paper money is exchanged at a heavy discount. Japanese money is the only stable currency, and here we come to the root of the troubles in Manchuria. We need probe little further for the causes of present unrest. Only a few short years ago, Chang's government was being held up as a model for the rest of China to follow, but Chang himself was persecuted to meddle in affairs that did not concern him, and disregarding the advice of his best counsellors he preferred war to peace, and may live to see his provinces taken from his control.—"Japan Times."

CHAMPAGNE DISPUTE.

SETTLED AT LAST IN FRANCE.

The Battle of Champagne seems to be over. Parliament thinks it has settled a wine war that caused riots at Ay 20 years ago and has lasted ever since.

Wine-growers of the champagne district around Rheims and along the Marne, used violence at that time to prevent champagne makers from bringing in wines from the neighbouring Aube and Upper Marne departments and bottling them as champagne, after the usual process of putting the fizz in the bottle. They objected later to the sale of these wines as "second zone" champagne, charging that the "second zone" became smaller and smaller on the labels.

Courts have been busy for years trying to settle the quarrel. Finally it agreed to let one deputy Edouard Barthe, a famous expert settle the question. His report limiting champagne to the traditional champagne district and defining the "zone" has been written into the law, and peace seems restored.

Shadows Before.

COMING EVENTS ANNOUNCED IN THE MAIL.

Entertainments.

September 30—Queen's Theatre: Charlie Chaplin in "A Dog's Life."

September 30—World Theatre: Jackie Coogan in "Old Clothes."

September 30—Star Theatre: Kowloon: "The Bobs."

September 30—Informal dance at the "Cheer O," 7 p.m.

September 30—Open-air concert and social, St. Andrew's Church Vicarage, Kowloon, 9.30 p.m.

September 30—Concert in the City Hall for Service men, 6.30 p.m.

October 1—H.K. & W.G. & M.C.L.'s "Fun o' The Fair," Lee Gardens, from 3.30 p.m. to midnight.

October 13—First of a series of eleven concerts for the winter season, Helena May Institute, 5.30 p.m., starting with "Gilbert and Sullivan."

October 21—Nelson Day, Navy League hold Annual Concert (through courtesy of H.K. Amusements, Ltd., Queen's Theatre), 9.30 p.m.

Sports.

September 30—Ping Pong League: W.Y.O.B.U. v. C.C.Y.M.S. (W.M.C.A.).

September 30—Kowloon Dock United Services Club aquatic sports (preliminary heats) at Dock's bathing beach.

October 1—Friendly Cricket match: I.R.C. v. Craigengower, I.R.C. ground, 2 p.m.

October 2—Full Military band of 1st Battalion Camerons, at Kowloon Dock United Service Club aquatic sports (finals), Dock's bathing beach.

October 2—Friendly Cricket match: I.R.C. v. C.L. and P. Co., I.R.C. ground, 2 p.m.

October 2—Friendly Cricket match: Indians v. Volunteers, Chinese Recreation Club ground, 2 p.m.

October 3—Steel and Coulson's Billiard League: R.A. v. Police; Queen's v. Warders; D.R.C. v. Revenue, Northants v. Garrison Sgt. mess; R.E. and R. Sigs. v. St. Patrick's Club.

October 4—Hong Kong Hockey Club 2nd XI v. K.O.S.B., King's Park, 5 p.m.

October 5—Hong Kong Hockey Club 1st XI v. H.K.S.R.A., U.S.R.C. Ground, 5 p.m.

October 6—Steele & Coulson's Billiard League: Police v. R.A.; Warders v. Queen's; Revenue v. D.R.C.; Garrison Sgt. Mess v. Northants; St. Patrick's Club v. R.E. & R. Sigs.

October 7—Local Hockey: H.K.H.C. v. Club de Recreio, King's Park, 5.15 p.m.

October 10—Interport Lawn Bowls match: Shanghai v. Hong Kong.

October 8-10—Hong Kong Jockey Club's sixth extra race meeting at Happy Valley, Race Course, Lammeris Auction.

October 4—At No. 2, Inverness Terrace, Kowloon Dock, Hungnam, valuable household furniture, 10.30 a.m.

Meetings.

October 2—Service men's meeting at the "Cheer O," 7.45 p.m.

October 4—Sanitary Board Meeting, 4.15 p.m.

October 5—Extraordinary general meeting of the Royal Hong Kong Yacht Club, at the Club House, 6 p.m.

October 22—Meeting of the New Territories Agricultural Show Committee, at Sheung Shui, 2.30 p.m.

Miscellaneous.

October 2—Theosophical Society Lecture: Buddhism, by Mr. Wei Tat, B.A. in Lane Crawford's Restaurant, 6 p.m.

October 3—Public lecture at Helena May Institute, 5.30 p.m. Lecturer: Rev. J. Kirk Macdonald. Subject: Heavenly Spheres "Stars."

October 3—St. Peter's Club debate, 8.30 p.m.

October 8-9—Charity Bazaar of the Chinese Sisters of the Precious Blood, at Catholic Young Men's Club, 16 Caine Road.

October 21—H.K.V.D.C. Haloween dinner.

November 11-12—Garden Fair organised by St. Peter's Young Men's Club.

QUEER LIVELIHOOD.

PICKING UP THINGS OFF STREETS.

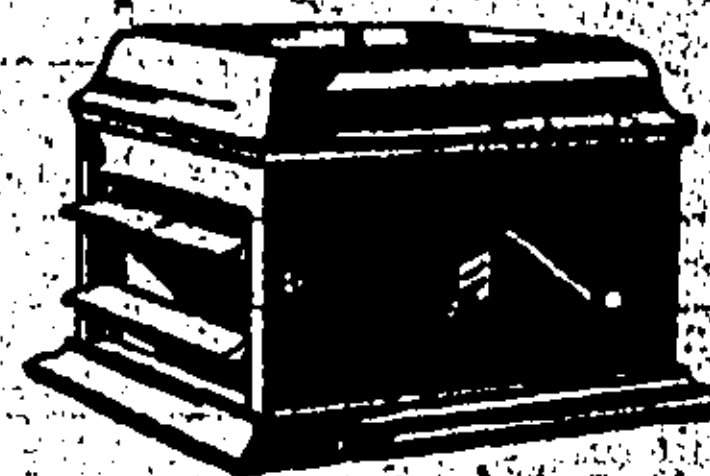
Toss a partly-consumed cigarette or cigar on any street in the International Settlement of Shanghai at any hour of the day or night and it will promptly be snatched up by some coolie ever on the alert for cigarette or cigar stubs, discarded newspapers or even pieces of string. It is estimated that there are more than 200 coolies in the Settlement who do nothing but walk the streets picking up things thrown away. These coolies are not municipal employees but work independent of the regular street cleaners. These coolies are fond of telling of old Chu Tseng-li, a street coolie whom they claim found \$55 and was given \$10 reward. That was two years ago and with each telling the sum increases until now it is more than a million dollars.—United Press.

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LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

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NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE, LTD.

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HONG KONG

The body which calls itself the Ancient Order of Froth Blowers was sharply denounced at a meeting of the Manchester Board of Guardians. Only one member of the Board offered an apology for the Order.

Owing to the insecurity of conditions in China, thousands of Chinese have settled in Borneo. Round Kudat and Jesselton, this year, already a thousand settlers have come, most of whom have taken up land and are cultivating it.

During Chinese week at the musical exhibition at Frankfurt, about 150 Chinese students, men and women, gave renderings of Chinese music. Almost every country in the world was represented, including Java, Sumatra, and Japan.

The Chinese authorities have issued proclamations warning the public not to make contributions to Nationalist funds to unauthorised persons, it having come to their notice that a number of bad characters have been collecting money in the name of the Nationalist movement.

Following a rumour that a European had been killed by a shark, on Sunday the body of a man was found floating in the sea off Pulau Brani, with one leg missing. The body was in such a state of decomposition that it was impossible to tell the nationality, and a post mortem was also impossible.

The Shanghai "Zarya" has it that Russian refugees are arriving by every steamship for the north. Some of them are leaving Harbin and Vladivostok because of the impending cold weather, according to the journal, whilst others have left the service of Chang Chung-chang in Shantung, preferring poverty in Shanghai to unsuccessful military operations in the peninsula.

It is learned from Russians sources that the s.s. "Sishan" from Vladivostok, brought to Shanghai a large number of Russian women and girls, who are thought to have been Communist agents. For the time being, and to divert suspicion, it is stated that they will obtain employment as dancing partners in local cabarets and as waitresses in the "mushroom" Russian restaurants that have sprung up.

Three hundred and fifty American Legionnaires have been received by the Pope.

A contemporary states that the Shanghai Chinese Amalgamated Association of Street Vendors filed a sealed petition with the Japanese Consulate-General, with the request to forward it to Tokyo, which was refused because it was sealed.

Kompo refugees who went to Shanghai last month when conditions were unsettled and threatening in Kompo, are returning to their homes by land and water, now that the situation there is more reassuring and direct communication has been established.

A splendid entertainment is promised to Service men to-night at the City Hall upon the appearance of the "J-Pang" Concert party, with the band of the Northamptonshire Regiment. The show starts at 6.30, and the party will put on their well-known and always very acceptable numbers in addition to many new ones.

At the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday, Mr. W. Schofield fixed Monday next for the hearing of the case in which a 12-year-old Chinese boy living in Wohopshok village is charged with the murder of a youth of 16 by stabbing him in the stomach with a penknife in the course of a fight while the couple were tending bullocks at the village.

The death occurred yesterday at his residence, 205 Wanchai Road, of Mr. Patrick Henry Murray who for many years was connected with the Asiatic Petroleum Company. Deceased, who was 61 years of age, leaves a son, Mr. P. E. Murray, who is at present in Shanghai, and five daughters to mourn his loss. The funeral passes the Monument at 5.30 p.m. to-day.

There was a large turn-out at the race march yesterday of the Scottish Company, the Hong Kong Volunteer Defence Corps, and the smart appearance and soldierly bearing of the Company attracted the attention of crowds of passers by. The route was from the Polo Ground, Causeway Bay, to Talkoo Club where the Company were the guests of members to an informal tea and later to evening entertainment. Thanks to the ladies who assisted in serving tea and in other ways was expressed by Capt. K. S. Morrison.

A big new housing scheme is being started at Santul by the F.M.S. Railways. The new building, for the erection of which tenders are invited, include 50 clerks' quarters, 120 artisans' quarters, and 144 menial staff quarters.

At a meeting at the Shanghai Chinese General Chamber of Commerce, Chinese merchants decided to request the Nationalist Government to devise means whereby foreign cigarette manufacturers may be taxed on the same basis as Chinese, as they say, it is unfair to levy 50 per cent. on Chinese-made cigarettes while the wares of foreigners are exempt.

The opening of an air mail service from Colombo to Tanjore and from Tanjore to Madras and from Madras to Bombay, Calcutta and Karachi is in contemplation. When the proposal becomes a reality postcards will be charged two annas and letters three annas. In all likelihood the big maiden near Bristol Institute, Tanjore, will be utilised for the construction of an aerodrome.

It was announced at Galway Health Board that a farmer's wife who eight months ago gave birth to twins, had again recently been admitted to Galway Hospital, where she had given birth to triplets, who lived only a few minutes. The mother, it was added, was doing well, and the eight-months-old twins were thriving. The case has aroused much interest in Irish medical circles. Application is to be made for the bounty both to the King and the Governor-General.

Held on police bail of \$2,000 which was afterwards reduced by Mr. R. E. Lindell to \$25, a coolie foreman of the Kowloon Godown Company who had previously been remanded, was yesterday produced before Mr. W. Schofield at the Kowloon Magistracy charged with assaulting a coolie employed by the Company. It was stated that disobedience on the part of the subordinate led to a fight between the foreman and the coolie, in the course of which the foreman was alleged to have kicked the coolie. The Police fixed bail at \$2,000 because it was at first thought that the coolie had suffered a ruptured spleen. The Magistrate having ascertained that the injured man's condition is now not considered serious, ordered the defendant to pay a fine of \$10.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL NEWS.

The will of Mr. Ogden Armour, the packing magnate, totals a little over a million dollars (gold).

The "Aeneas" on arrival at Penang from Home had seven brides-elect on board, three of whom were to marry Malayan residents.

Dr. R. E. Brown, of Wuhu, is in Shanghai. Chaplain and Mrs. Frank H. Lash, of the Asiatic Fleet, U.S. Navy, have taken a residence at 115 Rue Pere Robert.

Mr. A. D. Hendry (Late Shanghai Police) Passenger from London to Singapore died from heart failure about the s.s. "Kashmir" and was buried at Sea on Sept. 13.

The late Mr. Owen Manohar Williams (70), who was at one time principal buyer at the Chartered Bank of India, China and Australia head office in London, left estate valued at \$10,137.

Mr. Albert C. Hall, Shanghai manager for the East of the Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation, Ltd., is leaving in November to take over the management of the company's West End branch in London. Mr. G. D. Nicoll will act as branch manager of the company in Hong Kong and China.

Mr. A. Hamps, of Messrs. Meyerink & Co., has returned to Shanghai after some months holiday in Germany. He travelled via Siberia, and the only complaint he has to make is that two compatriots of his bought some tobacco in Moscow, and insisted on smoking it. However, he survived even this example of Bolshevik retrogression. —N.C.D.N.

Capt. W. Hodgson, O.B.E., 2nd Duke of Wellington's, has been appointed State Adjutant, Selangor, with effect from the 5th instant. Capt. G. de L. London, M.C., Royal Artillery, who since the departure in April of Capt. P. S. Laing, Royal Sussex, has been temporarily filling the appointment, will remain in Kuala Lumpur till the end of this month for the purpose of handing over to Capt. Hodgson.

Mr. Robert R. Shlach, Kirk Street, Dunoon, of the Burgh Surveyors' Office, has been awarded first prize by the Institute of Municipal and County Engineers in a competition open to all assistants in municipal offices and to all students of the Institution throughout Scotland. This competition consisted of a 3,000-word thesis on the "Drainage of Roads," with special reference to the conditions existing in the county and the drainage of the roads.

Mr. W. M. Hewlett, C.M.G., Consul, is proceeding to Nanking.

Mr. Edwin S. Cunningham, U.S. Consul-General in Shanghai who had been ill, now has returned to his post.

Mr. P. H. Suckling, general manager of the Hong Kong & Shanghai Hotels, Ltd., returned to Hong Kong by the "Katori Maru."

Miss Vanzetti, sister of the dead anarchist, has sailed for Italy with one-half of the commingled ashes of Sacco and Vanzetti. —Reuter.

Mr. F. E. Walker has arrived from Home to join Pinji Estate, Lahat. He will be an acquisition to Perak rugby having played in good company at Home.

Inche Mohamed Arshad bin Osman has been appointed Post Office Superintendent at Alor Star, Kedah, and Inche Mohamed bin Abubakar, of the Customs Department, has succeeded Inche Mohamed Arshad as Assistant Superintendent, Post Office.

The death is announced by Reuter from Amsterdam of professor Willem Einthoven, the Nobel prize winner of 1924 who was principally famous for his investigations of the functions of the heart. He was the inventor of the heart galvanometer.

Mr. P. A. Macdougall, of the Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank, the most successful skipper of the Byrnie boats in their first season in Shanghai, and who now is in Bangkok, has sent for drawings of the boats, with a view to establishing a fleet of them for racing in Siam waters.

The Prime Minister has written to Sir Arthur Yapp, national secretary of the Y.M.C.A., to express his good wishes for the success of the National Y.M.C.A. Day to be held on October 12, in order to raise money to continue the important work undertaken for the Service men in Shanghai. This is indeed patriotic service of the highest order, he says.

On the occasion of his impending departure from the Colony, Mr. David Hazel was the recipient of a presentation yesterday by Committee and members of the Kowloon Bowling Green Club, in which he has been actively associated for some years. The presentation was made by Mr. C. Bond, President of the Club, who referred in appreciative terms to Mr. Hazel's work on the various committees of the Club, particularly his arduous work as convener of the Bar Committee.

Bishop George R. Grose, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, is in Shanghai en route to Szechuan.

Mr. J. J. Bryan, a recent arrival from Home, has been appointed an Assistant Engineer, Kedah, and is attached to the State Engineer's office.

The Colonial Auxiliary Forces Long Service Medal has been awarded to Major J. P. Swettenham, Sergeant R. G. Verge, and Pte. B. H. F. Barnard, all of the M.S.V.R.

By the Dollar Line "President Monroe," there arrived in Shanghai, Messrs. M. L. Beauchamp, E. F. Bell, Leon Howell, P. H. Moledor, and Frank G. Wilson, oil experts from America, en route to various parts of the Far East, to investigate the petroleum situation.

Miss Sarah Bosworth, of the Mission Book Company, has gone to Manila for a holiday. She expects to attend the wedding of Miss Harriet Gunn in October. Miss Gunn is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Gunn, and taught in the Shanghai American School last year. They moved from Shanghai to Manila last June.

Mr. David Kirkwood, M.P., chairman of the I.L.P. summer school at Northallerton, has taken to lawn tennis at Kiplin Hall, and after a few lessons played in a challenge foursome, Scotland v. England. Asked his opinion of the game, the Clydeside M.P. said it was somewhat strenuous for veterans, but jokingly, he said he hoped with practice to be a match for Lord Balfour soon.

The Shanghai A.D.C. have been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Manning Milton as the producer of "The Sport of Kings," which will open at the Lyceum Theatre to-day. Mr. Milton, who produced "Hay Fever" in May this year and also played the part of David Bliss, possesses a thorough knowledge of the drama and it can be guaranteed that he will make "The Sport of Kings" a rattling good show.

The engagement is announced between Mr. A. J. Goring, of the Straits Settlements Police, and Miss Deirdre de Dorevieux Robinson, daughter of Major de Dorevieux Robinson, of Kingston-on-Thames, and niece of Mr. and Mrs. S. Burgess, of Port Elizabeth, South Africa. The congratulations of his brother officers will be extended to Mr. Goring, who is a very popular member of the force, and to Miss Robinson, whose sister, at the General Hospital, the wedding will probably take place in the Spring.

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A WEEK'S PAPERS IN ONE.

For the first time in many months Chinese military activities have shifted from the Yangtze ports to the coastal city of Swatow, which has been captured by a body of "Reds." Situated in the Provincial of Kwangtung and nominally under the dominance of General Li Chai-sum, Swatow capitulated to the invaders without much of a fight. Three Cantonese forces are now making their way towards the city, and it is expected that the "Reds" will evacuate rather than force the relieving soldiery.

The situation on the Yangtze is not very definite. What is certain is that the breach between the Wu-Han and Nanking Nationalists is gradually widening and that there is little likelihood of a united government or military organisation to take up arms against the North. Full details are given in the "Overland."

During the week the Portuguese colony of Hong Kong has been en fete in honour of the visit of H.E. the Governor of Macao. His Excellency's activities are fully set forth in this issue of the "Overland." Of great local interest also has been the trial of the two Chinese charged with the murder of a European lady, Mrs. Mackay, at Chai Wan, a little while ago. Sporting and social activities are fully dealt with in this issue.

READY TO-DAY.

Mail via Suez closes at 10.30 a.m. on Saturday.

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"THE OVERLAND CHINA MAIL"

SPORTS

LAWN BOWLS.

To-morrow's Interport Trial Match.

THE FAVOURED EIGHT.

Will a Better Standard of Play Be Seen?

(By "Short Head.")

No other lawn bowls matches are on the card to-morrow save the Interport trial match on the Craignower C.C. green, this being considered of sufficient importance to warrant an afternoon to itself. The respective rinks will comprise:

Atkinson	Laing
Smith	Bass
Holland	Cullen
Wallace	Pendered
(skip)	(skip)

Reserves: Omar and Macfarlane. Seven of these have already played on the same green twice (excluding the reserves), and one has played once. That is quite sufficient for them to find out any intricacies of the green—or should be. There is hardly likely to be any dispute as to the ultimate skip—Wallace has already won his place. Cullen has so far been the best of the Number Threes, but if Holland plays better than a fortnight ago there may be a good race for the position. Bass is more likely than Smith to get the second position. The problem of Number One is still unsolved. In the interval between last trial game Atkinson has beaten W. Macfarlane in the third round of the open singles championship, whilst Macfarlane has been on the losing side in the Spey Royal Cup contest. Could Atkinson reproduce his form against Macfarlane when he plays to-morrow neither Laing nor Omar would have much chance against him. But then his tie with Macfarlane was played on the K.C.C. green and not the Craignower.

It is only to be hoped that a much better display will be given by the teams as a whole.

As for the visiting Shanghai team since I wrote on Wednesday I hear that Malcolm was down here about nine years ago. He is keenness personified, and that is a great asset to a side. The team as a whole, however, is much below what we were at one time led to expect, but, of course, that is not to say that Hong Kong can count its chickens before they are hatched. Anything may happen in lawn bowls.

LOCAL GOLF.

SUNDAY STARTING TIMES.

Following are the starting times for Sunday:

9.20 a.m.	R. M. Smith and D. G. Bruce.
9.24 a.m.	K. S. Morrison and D. Forbes.
9.28 a.m.	H. Bloxham and B. Raworth.
9.32 a.m.	H. L. Carson and T. Low.
9.36 a.m.	F. Cowherd and W. L. Alexander.
9.40 a.m.	R. K. Hepburn and H. Spicer.
9.44 a.m.	C. C. Stark and T. S. Whyte-Smith.
9.48 a.m.	F. M. Ellis and A. J. Frank.
9.52 a.m.	S. T. Butlin and N. K. Littlejohn.
9.56 a.m.	W. Tate and J. F. Kennedy.
10.00 a.m.	A. Leach and A. O. Brawn.
10.04 a.m.	Lt.-Col. Eadcock and Capt. Gardiner.
10.08 a.m.	T. G. Weall and R. K. Valentine.
10.12 a.m.	H. A. Lammert and A. E. Lissaman.
10.16 a.m.	W. C. Clark and A. R. Cox.
10.20 a.m.	E. J. Mahon and W. C. Murray.
10.24 a.m.	L. Nantz and C. Shank.

LOCAL CRICKET.

INDIANS v. VOLUNTEERS.

The following will represent the Indians in the above match on Sunday, October 2, on the Chinese Recreation Club Ground commencing at 2 p.m.:—A. H. Ruzjahn, A. H. Madar, S. A. Ismail (Captain), A. R. Minu, F. M. el Arculli, M. P. Madar, S. H. Ismail, S. A. R. Ismail, J. S. Ackler, A. S. Sufiad, A. K. Minu.

DUNCAN WINS.

FRENCH OPEN GOLF TITLE.

Paris, Yesterday. George Duncan with an aggregate of 289 for 72 holes won the French open golf championship at the St. Germain links—Reuter.

BIG BILL TILDEN.

FACTS ABOUT FAMOUS PLAYER.

WHEN HE SLIPPED.

The "peak" in athletic form is an elusive thing. Sometimes it comes at the age of sixteen, sometimes at twenty-five, sometimes at thirty-five. Seldom after that. Once passed it's hard to get back again, writes Robert Edgren.

There's Tilden, the world's greatest tennis player for several years. Until last year Tilden had such an edge of superiority over all other players that he could tickle his opponents come within a point of winning, with Tilden far behind, and then come through in straight sets to a victory. Last year Tilden slipped and was beaten in individual championship play. This year he started like a whirlwind, after a long training siege, cleaned up opposition in this country, went to Europe and won his first championship tournament went to the semi-final before he slipped and was beaten out. He went on winning other matches—almost, but not quite the cocksure, invincible Tilden. He has to fight to win, these days. He has slipped over the peak of tennis form, and while he may beat a lot of other champions and contenders for championships, he won't be sure of himself at any time.

Big Bill is the greatest tennis player the game has ever known. He was as much above other players as Jeff Willard was above other fighters when he knocked out Jack Johnson and found no other rival until four years of ring inactivity had softened him and robbed him of his speed. Tilden's height and great reach give him a tremendous advantage over other players. He has almost unlimited reserves of speed and endurance that can be called out in an emergency. He has a sense of the dramatic that makes him hold back in hard matches, to finish with an irresistible burst of furiously fast play. He seems always to be able to pull an unexpected rally and win with straight sets when hard pressed. A great player physically, and one of the closest students of all points of the game, Tilden is master of every stroke that can be used. He has turned defensive strokes into his best offence, and he often wins by some unexpected strategy. But there is the snag. He was beaten by the Frenchman, Cochet, when he had the game well won.

Tilden accompanied in Other Lines. Probably there never has been any other sport champion with so much versatility. When not concentrating his mind on preparing for a championship series, he thinks of nothing but music, bridge, art, and literature. Except that at any time he is willing to throw everything else over to take some young player out and coach him in the fine points of tennis. Tilden has developed most of his own strongest rivals, and he doesn't hold back any information that might be used against him later in competition.

Sincere and independent, he has had many a set with the tennis authorities. In one case he went to the annual tennis meeting at the Waldorf, New York, where the Executive Committee were intent upon giving first-ten ranking to a favoured player who had competed in only one tournament during the season and delivered a broadside on the need of fairness in amateur sport and on ranking players on ability rather than on favouritism. As a result he forced the ranking of George Lott, of Chicago, who is now his closest rival.

Tilden has repeatedly refused to accept offers from Pyle, the promoter of professional tennis. While others have deserted the amateur ranks, Tilden has refused to go out after the big money. Some of those who deserted have criticised Tilden bitterly for not coming along and helping them to get bigger gate money as professionals, and have said that his writing, his posing for movies, and his stage attempts have really "professionalised him." This is sheer nonsense. Tilden isn't a capitalist, and he has to earn his living. He earns it by writing and by other activities not connected with playing tennis. He works for his living, using whatever natural talent he has. The old English idea that to be a "gentleman amateur" a contender must be a moneyed loafer with nothing to do but play has fallen out of favour in this country. In fact, none but those who had money and nothing to do ever favoured it. It never was an American idea.

Tilden has given up much, in money prospects, to remain an amateur.

Tilden No Longer Young.

Big Bill Tilden is no chicken. If he were a boxer he'd be considered rather ancient to be cavorting around among the champions. He was born at Germantown, Pa., on February 10, 1893. His elder brother was a good tennis player, and while still in short pants William chased balls for him on the courts of the Germantown Cricket Club, where in later years he defended his own national tennis honour. Tilden has taught himself the game, and is still trying to learn. There's something new to be learned in tennis, even if the sport did originate in the courts of famous kings several hundred years ago.

Big Bill has won more tennis championships than any other player in history. He won the American National Singles several years in a row, and was the first foreigner to win the English Singles classic at Wimbledon. He was in the American team that brought the Davis Cup from Australia, and with Little Bill Johnston successfully defended it. Tilden received the title "Big Bill" while playing in England with William Johnston several years ago. The English sense of humour was tickled by the contrast between these two great champions, and "Big Bill" and "Little Bill" was the result.

Beaten at His Own Game.

Big Bill's scientific interest in tennis is responsible for the "cat and mouse" play he has shown in so many important matches. It seems to amuse him to let his opponent come within a stroke or two of winning and then cut loose at the last moment with an irresistible attack. He had the gallery on edge in a cup match several years ago when he let a Japanese player coming within one stroke of winning, and then ran out in straight sets without allowing the Japanese to score another point. This cold science has not been appreciated by the spectators as much as it has amused Big Bill. Little Bill Johnston and Maurice McLaughlin had a much greater hold on the tennis crowds. But perhaps part of that popularity came from the fact that these two great players had to use all their speed and skill and energy to win. They were always fighting, and the whole world loves a fighter. Big Bill is sometimes amusing himself, but he can fight in a pinch, and always does. Tilden explains his trick of letting an opponent pile up points when he might prevent it by saying that he finds it interesting to study his rival's methods at their best, and then defeat the victim with his pet strokes. And to all appearances this is just how Tilden was defeated himself, for the Frenchman beat him at Wimbledon when he was within an ace of winning the match.

It's the same way in other sports. It's a great champion who can stand off the rush of ambitious youth through half a dozen years. Paddock. Charlie Paddock is one athlete who doesn't believe he has passed the peak. After a dozen years of competition in the sprints, in which he had outlasted scores of rivals, Paddock broke the 100 yards world's record last year and came out to try for the 220 yards record this year before retiring. His first spring races were fairly promising, but Paddock got into pictures and stopped training. He ran again and was beaten in Arizona by a local sprinter. Paddock said he wouldn't run again until next year. But lately he has been out on the track training. Charles has a new idea. He wants to team with Murray Schultz and the two fastest schoolboy sprinters in the country, Wyckoff and Slocum, of Glendale High School, and go after the half mile and mile relay world's records. Schultz is a 9.8 sprinter. Paddock might get down to 9.6. Wyckoff and Slocum have run consistently 9.8 through the season, and Wyckoff has run in 9.7 this year, with four of the five watches catching him in 9.6.

The Newark A.C. holds the present quarter mile relay record of 41.6 seconds, a last year. This should be easy to bag for Paddock and his team mates if they run to form. The same four are equally fast over the 220 yards, and should run a record half mile relay.

Vincent Richards, comfortably established as a professional tennis player, points out the fact that the best amateurs, like Tilden, can ravel all over the world playing in amateur tournaments and matches, living in good hotels and all that sort of thing, even if they have no great "private income." Perhaps Vinnie is trying to chase a few more amateurs, including Tilden, out into the professional ranks. Pyle says he is planning more professional matches for the winter season. It would be funny if Tilden turned pro, and beat Richards as consistently as he beat him when both were amateurs—probably Tilden could make good money with a season of professional tennis, at that. His present come-back campaign would be good advertising.

La Barba Wants to Relinquish. Wanted, a chance to shake off a ring title before September. Here's an odd situation. Fidel La Barba, flyweight champion, is going to college in September and doesn't want to take his title along because it might be embarrassing to have all the professors running along to look at him when he crosses the campus. Fidel has put away money enough to pay for his education and stay in his business afterwards. He says he'll never pull on the glove again, professionally, when he's through with college.

Up in Boston they say that Fidel can solve a problem handily by fighting Ray Vaca again, at the flyweight limit, just before September. They thought to draw a gate.

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WORLD CHESS.

ANOTHER DRAWN GAME.

Buenos Aires, Yesterday. In the fifth game Capablanca Alekhin drew after 41 moves—Reuter's American Service.

THE VOLUNTEERS.

The following orders have been issued by Lt.-Col. L. G. Bird, D.V.O., Administrative Commandant:

Recruits.—Parade at Corps Headquarters on Friday, October 7, at 5.30 p.m. All those who have not passed all their Musketry Tests Nos. 1 to 6 will attend.

Musketry.—Parade at Corps Headquarters on Friday, October 7, at 5.30 p.m. All those who have not passed all their Musketry Tests Nos. 1 to 6 will attend.

Infantry Company.—Parade at Corps Headquarters on Friday, October 7, at 5.30 p.m. All those who have not passed all their Musketry Tests Nos. 1 to 6 will attend.

Musketry Part II.—See Corps Order No. 3.

Friday, September 30, at 5.30 p.m. All N.C.O.'s and other ranks as detailed by O.C. Company will parade at Corps Headquarters for a special N.C.O.'s Course of training in Vickers Gun.

No. 1 Platoon.—Parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Tuesday, October 4.

Dress: Muffi. Rifle, belt and bayonet.

No. 2 Platoon.—Parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Tuesday, October 4. Dress for all parades unless otherwise ordered. Belt, rifle and bayonet.

No. 4 Platoon.

The Peak Range is allotted to the above Platoon on Sunday, October 2, 1927, at 9 a.m. for practice.

Range Officer: 2/Lieut. M. G. Noll.

Dress: Uniform or muffi optional, but rifle, bayonet, pouches, braces and belt must be taken.

All members should attend drill parade at Corps Headquarters on Monday, October 3, at 5.30 p.m.

Dress: Drill order, uniform.

Further parades: October 11, 20 and 28 only.

Musketry.—Infantry Company will be Part II. at Stonecutters Range on Sunday, October 2, 1927.

Range Officer: Lieut. A. H. Penn. Lunch will leave Murray Pier at 9 a.m. and call at Kowloon Pier at 9.10 a.m.

Dress: Uniform or muffi optional, but rifle, bayonet, pouches, braces and belt must be taken.

All members should attend drill parade at Corps Headquarters on Monday, October 3, at 5.30 p.m.

Dress: Drill order, uniform.

Thursday, October 6.—Parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. for Signal Instruction. Dress: Muffi.

Signalers as per programme.

Engineer Co.—The Peak Range is at the disposal of the Company for practice on Sunday, October 2 at 9 a.m.

Range Officer: 2/Lieut. M. G. Noll.

All members should take advantage of the drill parade on Monday, October 3, to pass drill tests Nos. 1 to 4, vide Corps Order No. 2.

I.I.D. Sections.—A lecture will be given at Corps Headquarters on Wednesday, October 5, at 5.30 p.m.

Subject: "Bridging Expedients."

Signal Section.—Parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Thursday, October 6, for Signal Instructions. Dress: Muffi.

Mounted Infantry.

Parade at Stables at 5.30 p.m. on Tuesday, October 4, 1927. Dress: Muffi.

Armoured Car Co.

Monday, October 3.—The Company will parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m.

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Portuguese Co.

Parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Friday, September 30, for N.C.O.'s Class, under Regular Instructions.

Trained Men for Lewis Gun Instruction.

Those men who carried out the additional drills and Guard of Honour, and who have also passed musketry tests 1 to 6 are now classed as trained men.

Monday, October 10, 1927, will be observed as a holiday, no parades will be held on that day.

Promotions.—The following promotions take effect from September 28, 1927:—

Engineer Company.

No. 462 Lt.-Col. C. B. Easterbrook to be Corporal.

No. 806 Spr. J. H. Bottomley to be Corporal.

Marksman.

The undermentioned have qualified as marksmen and are entitled to wear the badge for one year:—

No. 5 Platoon.

No. 124 Cpl. C. Young, 93 points

No. 489 Pte. G. R. Maskell, 93 points.

No. 639 Pte. A. H. Haxwell, 98 points.

No. 999 Pte. K. C. McLennan, 103 points.

No. 1014 Pte. K. S. Boulton, 98 points.

No. 6 Platoon.

No. 369 Sergt. G. H. Cuthill, 102 points.

No. 21 Lt.-Sgt. F. C. Goodman, 104 points.

No. 7 Platoon.

No. 385 Lt.-Cpl. D. Lyon, 106 points.

No. 1066 Pte. G. G. Stopani-Thomson, 94 points.

Leave.

The following are granted leave of absence from the Corps:—

Major G. D. R. Black, V.D., Medical Section, from October 5, 1927, to October 4, 1928.

No. 1063 Pte. E. A. Griffiths, A.C. Co., from September 23 to October 22, 1927.

No. 1073 Pte. H. Parsons, No. 2 Platoon, from October 1 to October 21, 1927.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Yesterday.

Paris 124

New York 4.86 11/16

Brussels 34.92 1/2

Geneva 25.24

Amsterdam 12.18 1/2

Milan 89.20

Berlin 20.44 1/2

Stockholm 18.09

Copenhagen 18.17

Oslo 18.45

Vienna 34.52

Prague 164 1/2

Helsingfors 193 1/2

Madrid 27.73

Lisbon 27/16

Athens 867

Bucharest 782 1/2

Rio 5 67/64

Buenos Aires 47 69/64

Bombay 1/5 29/32

Shanghai 2/8

Hong Kong 1/11 1/2

Yokohama 1/10 81/32

Silver Spot and Forward 25 1/2

—British Wireless Service.

MONEY & SHARE.

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS.

On London—

Bank of India 1/11 1/2

Bank of China 1/11 1/2

Bank of Japan 1/11 1/2

Bank of Korea 1/11 1/2

Credits 4 months sight 1/11 1/2

Credits 6 months sight 2/11 1/2

Documentary 4 months sight 2/11 1/2

On Paris—

On demand 1220

Credits 4 months sight 1220

On Berlin—

On demand 48

Credits 60 days sight 49 1/2

On Bombay—

Wire 181 1/2

On demand 181 1/2

On Calcutta—

Wire 181 1/2

On Singapore—

On demand 85 1/2

On Manila—

On demand 96 1/2

On Shanghai—

On demand 78 1/2

30 days sight (private paper) 78 1/2

On Yokohama—

On demand 102 1/2

Gold Leaf, 100 fine (per tael) 102 1/2

Sovereigns (Bank's buying rate) 9.80

Silver (per oz.) 25 1/2

Bar Silver in Hong Kong 2% prem.

Chinese Copper Cents nom.

Chinese Copper Cash 6% prem.

Rate of Native Interest 7% p.a.

Chinese Sub. Coin 28 1/2 % dis.

Hong Kong Sub. Coin par

THE SHARE MARKET.

Stock.

T.T. on London 1/11 1/2

T.T. on Shanghai 75 1/2

Banks.

Hongkong Bank 115 1/2

Chartered Bank 120 1/2

Mercantile A. & B. 32

P. & O. Bank 31 1/2

East Asia 30 1/2

Marine Insurance.

Canton Insurance 350

China Insurance 135

North China Insurance 71 1/2

Union Insurance 238

Yangtze Insurance 44 1/2

Fire Insurance.

China Fire Insurance 320

H.K. Fire Insurance 590

Shipping.

Douglases 33 1/2

H.K. Steamships 32 1/2

H.K. Tugs & Lighters 41 1/2

Indo-China (Pre) 30



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MUSIC • DRAMA • FILMS.

MUSSOLINI WORRIED ABOUT
LATEST DANCES.

Does the Charleston offend religious sentiment? Can the "Black Bottom" be allowed at popular country fetes? These are the questions which the Ministry of the Interior, headed by Premier Mussolini, has just been called upon to answer.

About six months ago, an outcry was raised against modern dances and night-clubs, and an order was passed closing all the cabarets and night-life resorts of Italy.

Instructions were also given to the prefects of the various provinces by the Minister of the Interior, that a strict supervision was to be maintained on country fetes, where on Sundays and Saints days, the villagers gathered together in the evening and danced.

The government leaves it to the local authorities to decide what "extravagance" may mean, and the result would seem, to be that the fox trot is all right for sylvan revellers, but the Charleston and Black Bottom are taboo. — Unit Press.

SHAKESPEARE PLAYS
DISPUTED.

The centuries-old dispute as to whether Shakespeare or Francis Lord Bacon wrote the Shakespearean plays is renewed again in the latest book of Lord Sydenham of Combe, famous as the governor of Australia and India, as the first secretary of the Imperial Defence Committee, as one of the reorganisers of the War Office, and as a public commentator on the literature and history of the British people. "My Working Life" is the name of the new volume which has just been published by John Murray.

Lord Sydenham declares that the claim purporting that Shakespeare wrote Shakespeare in "an intellectually demoralising myth which has been infinitely harmful to the nation." In part he writes:

"Such totally different personages as Lord Palmerston and Parnell, John Bright, Bismarck, Emerson, Whittier and Mark Twain, without knowledge of the huge volume of Baconian research, arrived at the definite conclusion that plays embodying all the learning of the Elizabethan era and exhibiting an intimate acquaintance with law and with the life of the courts could never have been written by an educated rustic who became an actor of small parts, and who during his last years, while still in his prime, was engaged in petty trading, in the ruthless collection of small debts, and in trying to deprive the citizens of Stratford of their common lands.

BRITISH FILMS FOR EMPIRE
DAY.

A member in Havana, Cuba, writes to "Overseas":
"I would be very grateful for any information you could give me as to the possible hiring of patriotic films for display on Empire Day and where to apply."

We passed her request on to the British Instructional Films, Ltd., of London, who specialise in patriotic and Empire films, and they replied as follows:—

"We are forwarding you a catalogue of our films, suitable for showing to school children on Empire Day.

"We must, however, point out that we do not quite see how your members in Havana propose to get the films. We imagine that these would be out of our hands for at least six weeks, and the hire for so long a period, together with the carriage, would come exceedingly expensive. We point this out because we are frequently getting requests for films of Empire interest from various parts of the Empire, but are unable to supply films because none of these requests are in any way co-ordinated. About six months ago we had an enquiry from the West Indies. Had they and Havana agreed to share a film, it might have been financially possible.

"We write at this length because we know how much educational films are needed throughout the Empire, and how much some central organisation for supplying them is required."

CINEMA IN SCHOOLS.

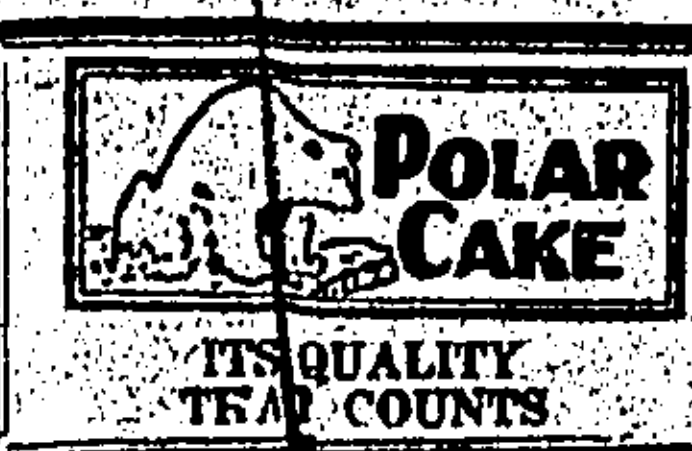
One subject at the Imperial Education Conference was considered by every one to be of immediate and outstanding importance—the use of the cinema in education and its influence generally on the life of the people. A report on this subject had been specially prepared for the Conference by the Imperial Studies Committee of the Royal Colonial Institute, and the matter was considered behind closed doors in order to ensure that there should be no restriction on the freedom of discussion. The preceding Conference in 1923 had already dealt with the matter, and its recommendations led to some action in many parts of the Empire; more drastic and effective action is now required, and the Conference unanimously passed a resolution that is worth quoting:

"That this Conference, on the one hand earnestly hopes that the competent authorities will take every step to prevent the display of demoralising films, and on the other hand desires to emphasise the importance of the production and use of wholesome and suitable films which will convey an accurate impression of the life and condition of all parts of the Empire."

That this was almost the only resolution of the Conference is indicative of the importance of the subject and of the realisation of the cardinal fact that education is no mere matter of the schools, but is concerned with all the agencies that guide or influence the spiritual life.

SINGING IN ITALY.

Miss Maude Neilson, the clever Scottish singer, whom we knew with the Carl Rosa, has been doing some very successful work in Italy lately. The Italian critics seem to be delighted with "Matilde," as they call her. Miss Neilson has been singing both in concerts and in opera, and is now about to begin an operatic tour, during which she will appear at Palermo, Naples, and Venice, among other important Italian cities.



POLAR
CAKE
ITS QUALITY
TALKS COUNTS

D'ANNUNZIO'S LATEST PLAY.

Gardone, Italy, Sept. 11.

Six hundred men and women personally selected by Gabriele D'Annunzio from 1,000 applicants paid a thousand lire each, about \$65, to-day, to witness a special performance of the poet's tragedy, "Daughter of Nörö." The play was presented by a company of Italy's foremost actors in the open air theatre at the poet's villa. It was of special significance, as it celebrated the eighth anniversary of D'Annunzio's capture of Fiume. The proceeds will go to the completion of the Roman theatre at the poet's villa. — Associated Press.

BETTY BALFOUR SURPRISE.

A surprise was sprung on theatre-goers by Miss Betty Balfour's announcement in Glasgow that she intended to withdraw from the cast of "Up with the Lark," the new musical comedy which was tried out in Glasgow in the course of a provincial tour prior to a London appearance.

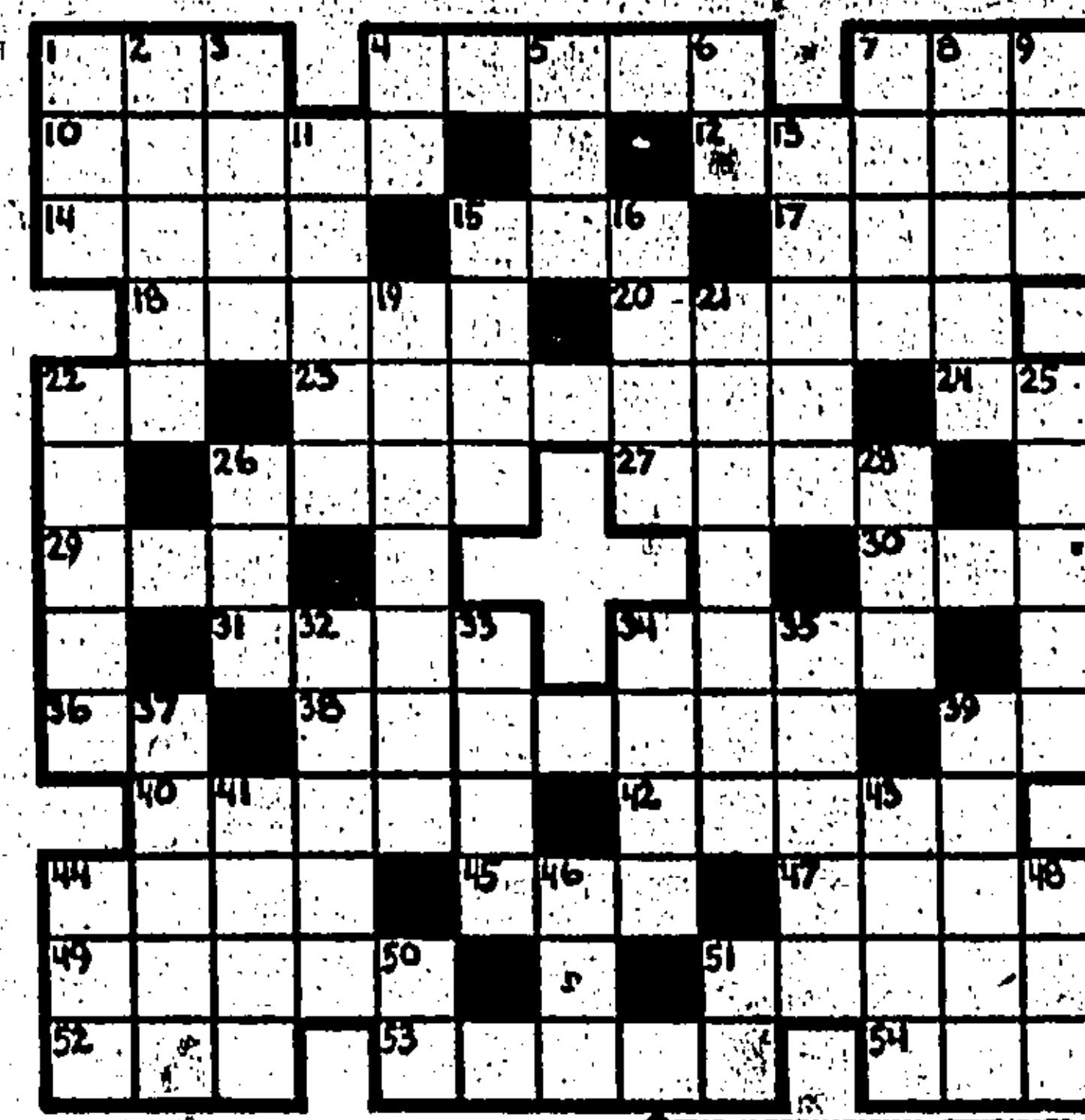
Briefly, Miss Balfour thinks that her role of Toto, the Parisian midwife, is unsuitable, and that in it she cannot fulfil adequately the expectations of her audiences.

Betty has decided to remain with "Up with the Lark" until it has had a week's run both in Edinburgh and Blackpool. But she will not appear in London.

A representative of the producers declared that they had acquiesced willingly in her decision, and that steps would be taken immediately to have a new play specially written in which she would have wider opportunities.

DAILY CROSS-WORD PUZZLE.

(This cross-word puzzle has been made by an expert but our readers are warned to look out for occasional phonetic spellings, such as harbor, harbor, and altho.)



HORIZONTAL

- 1—Excavate.
- 4—To mark with a hole.
- 7—Yes.
- 10—What is a ring-shaped coral called?
- 12—To happen.
- 14—Infant.
- 15—A grassy field.
- 17—What is a journey on foot?
- 18—A twining and climbing tropical plant.
- 20—What is the first word of the Apostles' Creed in Latin?
- 22—Near.
- 23—What river flows by Washington, D. C.?
- 24—Negative.
- 25—What was a sort called by early Anglo-Saxons?
- 27—Large deer (pl.).
- 28—Also.
- 29—Small rude dwelling.
- 31—First dinner course.
- 34—What famous winter resort and seaport is in S. E. France?
- 35—Steamship (abbr.).
- 36—To plunder.

HORIZONTAL (Cont.)

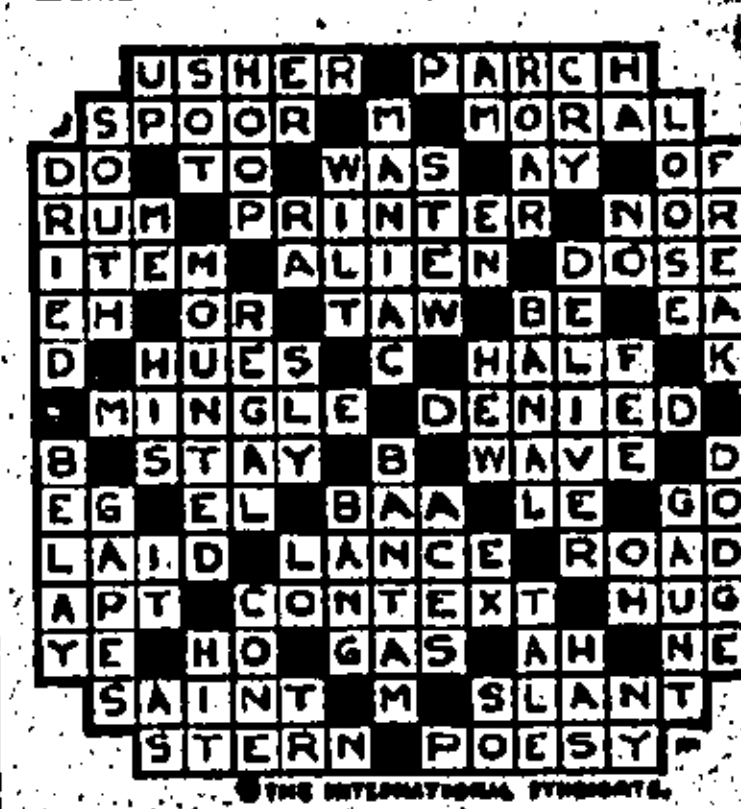
- 38—Battalion (abbr.).
- 40—What is the capital of Ecuador?
- 42—What is Germany's most famous river?
- 44—To twist.
- 45—A time-period.
- 47—An opera-box.
- 49—Payment for service rendered.
- 51—A province in N. E. India.
- 52—To be indebted for.
- 53—What are the skins of large animals called?
- 54—Half ems.

VERTICAL (Cont.)

- 16—The highest point of a mountain.
- 21—What English knight and navigator spread his cloak in the muddy road for Queen Elizabeth to cross on?
- 22—Seize with the teeth.
- 25—Frequently.
- 26—Who was the Greek goddess of the dawn?
- 28—Which of his negroes made Rich? Haggerd famous?
- 32—To hold an opinion.
- 33—To proceed with toll.
- 34—Not one (slang).
- 35—Lines the roof of.
- 37—What is an Indian woman called?
- 39—Commenced.
- 41—To impel.
- 43—To perceive by small.
- 44—A number.
- 46—Conjunction.
- 48—German watering place.
- 50—In England, twelve pence make one what? (abbr.).
- 51—Like.

(The solution of the above cross-word puzzle will appear in to-morrow's issue along with a new cross-word puzzle.)

YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION.



HONGKONG HEIGHTS.

For the information of visitors the following list of some of the highest points on the Island and Mainland is published:—

Island.	Feet.
Victoria Peak	1828
Signal Station	1774
Mt. Parker	1784
Mountain Lodge	1725
The Byrie	1725
Peak Hotel	1805
Talkoo Sanatorium	1000
Mt. Davis	877
Sowen Rd. (filterbeds)	297
Mainland.	
Tai-mo-shan	8124
Tow-loon Peak	1971

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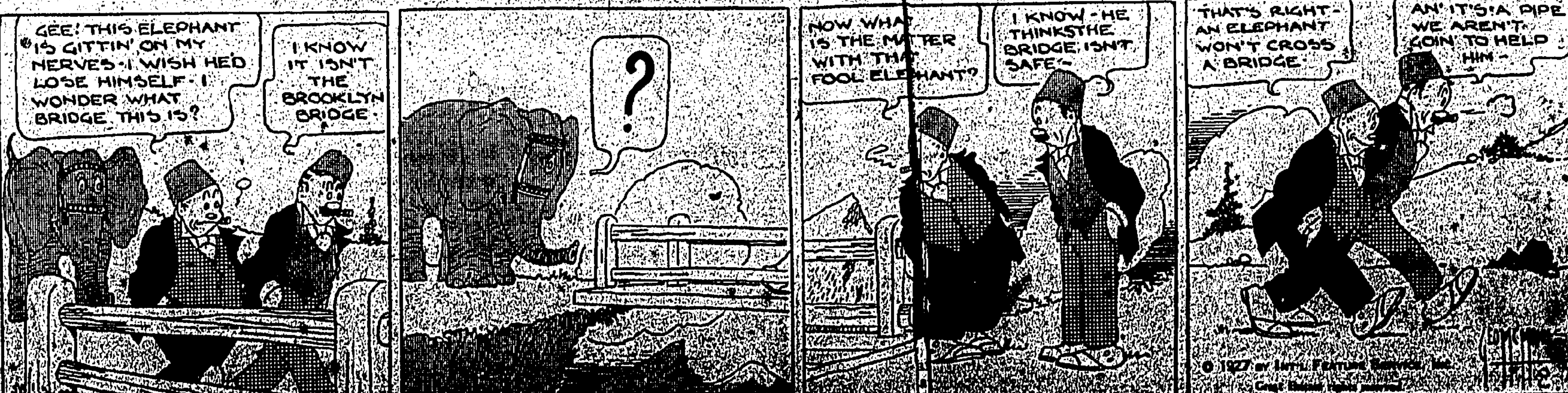
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"Builds Bonnie Babies"

When Baby is 6 months old

or when he cuts his first tooth, add a little Glaxo Malted Food to his Glaxo. This will provide the best means of securing Baby gradually and naturally to taking more solid food. Obtainable where you buy Glaxo.



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JAPAN & MUKDEN.

BOYCOTT MOVEMENT NOT DEEP ROOTED.

Mr. Yoshizawa's representations have taken effect and General Yang Yu-ting, Chang Tso-lin's right hand man, has left for Mukden to deal with the anti-Japanese agitation. The Japanese residents of Mukden are naturally excited, but the Government at Tokyo seems inclined to exercise patience, encouraged by the thought that if the movement has been officially encouraged it can be easily damped down. There is little else for Tokyo to do unless and until it should become convinced that a serious attack on Japan's interests is under way.

The Starting Point.

The trouble began with strikes and violence in the Pechihou Coal and Iron Company's works. Communist agitators were blamed but that is common form. The Mukden newspapers are now attacking Chang Tso-lin, and one of those mysterious societies which adopt high-sounding patriotic titles and appear out of the twilight at opportune moments is placarding Mukden with denunciations of the Generalissimo. Chinese newspaper proprietors are not the stuff of which martyrs are made, and the fact that they have come out against Chang as well as against Japan rather suggests the useful art of camouflage. It is clear also that the demonstrators have never got quite out of hand. We cannot yet tell how serious the boycott of Japanese goods may be, but the violence has up till now been more exasperating than dangerous. School children have been stoned, shop windows have been broken, and a so-called flag outrage has been reported. The official version of the latter incident has not reached Tokyo, but the press reports show that it was not the national emblem of Japan that was insulted but a banner printed with some congratulatory words about the birth of the princess. Mukden police are endeavouring to check rowdiness and protect the Japanese. A demonstration which was to have been held on Sunday was prohibited by the authorities. In short, there is so far no reason for undue alarm and no sign that the Government or the public in Japan are getting "rattled." Baron Tanaka has left Tokyo for a political tour in the country, and the act is evidence that he finds the latest reports reassuring.

A Danger Spot.

Manchuria is sometimes called the danger spot of the Far East and the reasons for that description are plain enough. They first took shape more than thirty years ago when Russia thrust the Chinese Eastern Railway right through Manchuria to the sea. The Russo-Japanese War effectively checked Russian penetration, and Japan acquired as a result of the war, Russia's rights in South Man-

churia. In 1907 defined Manchuria as the Russian sphere. The Japan-Soviet agreement of 1907, and the Manchuria Railway into the Russian sphere by financing Kirin-Kalyuan and the Taomtsihar railroads, both of which were owned by the Chinese Government. In so doing Japan was in her rights under an agreement with China as well as under observations made at the Washington Conference. The Russians protested but their protest was idle. So long as the National Party was dominated by Russia it was inevitable that Russia should give her countenance to the party which opposed Russia's blocked Russian plans in Manchuria. But the Russians have been about their business and Japan shown a good deal of sympathy with Nationalist aspirations, seeking for an explanation of Mukden outbursts, therefore, possibility cannot be left out of account that Chang Tso-lin may be demonstrating to Japan that his influence that matters in Manchuria where Japan's interests lie is not the South's.

"Positive" Policy.

The orthodox explanation of the distances is that they are a



FR INFANCY ONWARD
His Own Tablets Keep
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protest against the so-called positive policy of the present Tokyo Government. The positive policy, however, is a nebulous affair and seems to be something for home consumption during the impending elections rather than any new departure in China. The most tangible description that can be given is that the positive policy is an intention to press to a conclusion certain pending questions. The foremost of these is the Japanese protest against the construction of the Hallungchen-Kirin and the Chaoyangfu-Shiao River railroads, built for China with Japanese capital, and violating the treaty provision that China shall not build railways parallel to the South Manchuria line. Japan has also entered a strong protest against the surtaxes imposed on trade by the Mukden Government. Those appear to be the only important requests which Japan has made recently, and they are not new. It is reported from China that Japan is also pressing for the right, acquired by the 1915 treaty, to lease land in South Manchuria for her various enterprises there which are rapidly developing the wealth of Manchuria and which urgently require larger holdings. The establishment of consulates near the Korean border is also contemplated. The land lease question, however, has not yet been raised. Chang's strongest objections are probably directed against the veto on his new railways, parts of which are already built, but he can hardly have been ignorant of the 1915 treaty and if he was he must have been reminded of its existence before now.

Policy Unchanged.

On the whole, the substance of the positive policy does not seem sufficient to explain the anti-Japanese movement in Mukden, though the method was calculated to create alarm. The holding of elaborate conferences and the almost spontaneous generation of a crop of rumours were bound to make the Chinese fear that something dreadful was coming. In reality, Japanese policy seems to be much as it was. It is significant that the leader of the Opposition, addressing his party last Thursday, offered no objections to the Government's actions in Manchuria though he vigorously attacked it for sending troops to Shantung. The Japanese press, which is in most things critical of the present Government and generally sympathetic with Nationalist China, has found nothing to oppose in the Manchuria policy except its method. The international relations of China, already complicated almost beyond rational explanation, are further complicated by their latest turn. No explanation can be offered with any great confidence that it may not be disproved by events, but the facts that are known, such as they are, suggest that the movement is not very deeply rooted, and that patience and caution will see it through.—Japan Advertiser.

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